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VOL. IV NO. 139 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JUNE 12, 1916. ONE ANNA.

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(Companies Incorporated in England.)

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P. & O. SAILINGS
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Date.		Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons
11th	June	Caledonia	8000	....	....
18th	,,	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
25th	,,	Arabia	8000	....	....
2nd	July	Malta	7000	Khyber	9000
9th	,,	Nagova	7000	....	....
16th	,,	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
23rd	,,	Khiva	9000	....	....
30th	,,	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
6th	Aug.	Mandala	8000	....	....
13th	,,	Salsette	6000	Malwa	11000
20th	,,	Kashmir	9000	....	....
27th	,,	Salsette	6000	Kaisar-Hind	11500

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date About.		Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
15th	June	Nankin	7000	Malwa	11000
29th	,,	Novara	7000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500
28th	July	Malta	7000	Kashgar	9000
24th	Aug.	Sardinia	7000	Arabia	8000

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination
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18th ,,	Aratoon Apcar	East & South Africa.

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Marseilles — London via Marseilles	555	888	450	630
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Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

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The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced steward-ess.

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The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

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NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.).

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Rangoon Maru	T. Hori	5348	12th June	24th June
Yetorofu Maru	K. Ogura	4166	4th July	16th July

For Freight apply to—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 120 Vessels,, Gross Tonnage 278,600.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore.

Steamers.	Tons	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Indo Maru	5811	K Tashiro	30th May	13th June
Shinkoku Maru	5836	T. Kuchiki	4th June	15th June
Luzon Maru	4075	T. Watanabe	10th June	12 July
Shibetoru Maru	3376	T. Takemura	11th July	21st July

For Freight apply to

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampale
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin.		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

F. CORNAGLIA'S

THE FIRM FOR CHOCOLATES.

Just unpacked a large consignment of Cadbury's and Caley's Fancy Boxes.

Price from As. 10 to Rs. 30 each.

FELICE CORNAGLIA

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Telegrams "Cornaglia". Telephone No. 42.

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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,400,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Cnangchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalney	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiebling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angles	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of halfyearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO.
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

78, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Bombay	(Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hoilo
Madras	Malacca	Hong Kong
Rangoon	Kuala-Lumpur	Canton
Colombo	(F. M. S.)	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Amritsar	Seremban (F.M S.)	Tientsin
Delhi	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Penang	Batavia	(North China)
Puket	Sourabaya	Hankow
Taiping (F.M.S	Saigon	Peking
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Haiphong	Yokohama
Medan	Manila	Kobe

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities. Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER.
Agent.

Post Box No. 28.

BANKING.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

(SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C LUBRICATING OILS

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B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street,

P. O. Box 2031 Telephone Nos. 101 & 1439

BANKING.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 21st and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 15,75,958
Reserve Funds	Rs. 11,21,541

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital	£1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£562,500
Reserve Fund	£550,000

HEAD OFFICE.

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts, payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 4,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

Bankers to the Government in Busra.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES,
may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

LOST—The public is hereby informed that on the 4th June, 1916, four currency notes each of one thousand rupees bearing the following numbers have been lost in the Multani Galli, Barbhai Mohola, Anyone giving information so as to effect the recovery of these notes is requested to communicate with the undersigned, and he will be duly rewarded. Any person who cashes or accepts the undermentioned numbered notes will do so at his own risk:—
CB 89—54352.
CB 89—54353.
CB 89—43752.
CB 89—40325.
SAMEDBHAI AHMEDBHOY MISRI,
Nagdevi Street, Sadaria, Bazar No. 208/10.
4278

PROF. DAVAR'S HIGHER ACCOUNTING with Auditing Notes:—A combined Text-Book for the two subjects with 20 chapters and 300 problems solved—price Rs. 5/12 *net*. To those registering orders before publication Rs. 5 *net*.
S. GOVIND & CO.,
Publishers, &c.,
opposite American India, Cinema,
4308 Girgaon, Bombay.

ALL forms of Leprosy, Leucoderma, sores, piles, patches and various blood impurities cured in four weeks. Rs. 5 per week. Two days medicines gratis for trial. LILY COTTAGE, Simla, Calcutta.

WANTED

IMPORT AGENTS WANTED for the sale of High Class Scotch Whiskies in The Presidency of Bombay, The States of Sind, Rajputana, Berar and Hyderabad. To firms who could do a large trade most liberal terms would be given. Apply with references to E. A. RHIND and Co., Limited, 37, Quality Street, Leith, Scotland.

WANTED—DISPENSARY furniture and other necessaries. Apply to Box No. 902, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4306

WANTED.—By educated Frenchman, PUPILS desirous of learning French quickly and thoroughly. Translations undertaken, MONSIEUR FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road. 1000A

WANTED.—By French Family PAYING GUESTS, single room Rs 120, very large Double 220, modern conveniences, Mrs. FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road. 1000B

WANTED.—A Second-Class HEALTH OFFICER for the Sholapur City Municipality on a monthly salary of Rs. 150 rising to Rs. 300.

Candidates who have passed the M. B. B. S. Examination need only apply to the undersigned with testimonials before the 25th June 1916 The appointment is subject to approval of Government. The candidate selected by Government will be required to undergo a nine months' course in hygiene and a three months' course in epidemiology according to the syllabus approved in G. R. G. D. No. 2161 of 15-3-13.

G. M. SHAH,
President,
Sholapur Municipality.
Sholapur Municipal Office,
7th June, 1916.
4325

APPLICATIONS for the post of Chief Engineer required for the Suction Dredger "Graham Lynn."

Pay Rs. 450 rising to Rs. 500 per mensem by annual increments of Rs. 15, 15 and 20 with free rations when the dredger is working. No house rent, or allowances of any kind. Overtime in accordance with Board's orders.

The successful applicant will have to serve a 6 months' probation in the first instance at the expiration of which if he has given satisfaction, a three years' agreement will be offered him. He will have to subscribe to the Provident Fund under the Port Trust Rules. Second class single Railway or Steamer fare to Karachi will be paid on joining.

Applicants must possess a first class B. O T. Certificate and will be required to procure, at their own expense, a certificate (First Class) under the Bombay Boiler Act. They must have had experience with Suction Cutter Dredgers and floating pipe lines and be acquainted with all the latest forms of auxiliary gear.

Applications stating references, age, nationality, place of birth and experience, together with copies of recent testimonials will be received by the Chairman up to 1st August, 1916.

H. C. MULES,
Chairman,
Karachi Port Trust.
Karachi Port Trust Office,
2nd June, 1916. 1070

WANTED

WANTED.—TUITIONS by an experienced French-knowing graduate. Apply to Box No 898, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4

WANTED—Complete TEXTILE PLANT. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 907, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4318

WANTED—A TYPIST for temporary employment, salary Rs. 40 per mensem. Apply in person at the office of the undersigned.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER,
TO GOVERNMENT,
4302 Ridge Road, Malabar Hill.

WANTED Sub-Assistant Surgeons for Gwalior State Service. Starting salary Rs. 35 per month. Applications with copies of diploma and certificates to be addressed to
THE CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
1071 Gwalior State.

WANTED—One second-hand OIL (Kerosine) ENGINE 7 B. H. P. of good manufacture, in working order, complete with tanks pipes, etc. Apply quoting price to:—
KANAYALAL BHOLARAM,
Chalisgaon.

WANTED—A young, intelligent BOHRA or HINDU SALESMAN with good knowledge of English correspondence and Gujarati Book-keeping for Straits Settlements. Bohra will be prefered. Apply sharp with testimonials to Box No. 90A, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—A HEADMASTER for the Marwadi Commercial School, a graduate trained teacher whose mother tongue is Hindi. Starting pay Rs. 60. Apply asap to Govindram Sakatia, Hony. Secretary, The Marwadi Commercial School, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 4319

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—MOTOR BOAT DRIVERS for service in the Persian Gulf on Rs. 100 p.m. with rations. Only experienced men need apply, in person with original certificates, to the SUPERINTENDENT, R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. 4321

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE or HIRE.—Motor parcel delivery van in excellent order. For particulars apply to the MANAGER of the "Bombay Chronicle." 1018

FOR SALE.—One 16in. by 36in. high pressure double cylinder STEAM ENGINE by Daniel Adamson.—A. C. Bhuttacharjee, 43/2, Baburam Ghose Lane, Calcutta 4300

FOR SALE.—HARLEY DAVIDSON MOTOR CYCLE with side-car 7-9 H.P., complete with accessories. Used for (1) one month only. Owner buying a car. Rs. 1,700, no offers. Apply GROUND FLOOR, GORDON HOUSE, Apollo Bunder. 1097

FOR SALE.—Second-hand OVERCOATS and FROCK COATS at Rs. 3 and Rs. 3-8 each at our godown, 201, Hornby Road, opposite Messrs. John Roberts and Co., from the 10th to 25th instant, between 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. (S. T.). Terms strictly cash.
K. C. MARROTT,
Largest Importer of Second-Hand Clothing in the East, Empire Building, Fort, P. O. Box 127, Bombay.
4297

FROM OUR NEW FACTORY.—S. 7 Gents' Brown Calf Balmoral Lace Walking Boots, drill lined, toe capped, medium toes, bark tanned soles sown on. Sizes 6 to 10 in stock. A well finished and strong boot. Price Rs. 6 per pair.
STOCK CLEARANCE.—87 pairs R 72, Ladies Black Glace Kid Gibson shoes, half leather lined, bark soles, handsewn. Sizes 2, 3, 4, and 5 only. Sale Price Rs. 4/6 per pair.
THE CHROME LEATHER Co.,
612—5 PALLAVARAM, Madras.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—Out on hire a piano. For particulars, apply to Box No. 14, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1030

DEOLALI CAMP VIEW Rs. 200 per month. Rosedale ground floor Rs. 150 a month. Apply on the premises or to Mr. CAMA c/o "Bombay Chronicle." 1060

TO BE LET.—Large Open Vadi, 4,000 yards, any lot in Kheterali No. 10, near Thakordwar. GURMUKHRAI NIHALCHAND, 42, 2nd Bhoiwada. 4079

TERRACE-ROOM.—With Bath and W. C. attached: flush and Shower. E. L. and F. Lift. Apollo Bunder. Apply to Box No. 100 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1096

TO BE LET.—Furnished Bungalows (A) Victoria Lodge (No. II) at Marzbanabad, Andheri; and (B) Clifton Villa and Clifton Cottage, Khandala.

All splendidly situated with stables, outhouses, etc. Apply to Mr. KHAMBATA, Solicitor, 25, Caurch Gate, Street. 1016

FORTUNES IN IDEAS.

Fortunes are made from an IDEA fondly nourished boldly planned skilfully executed. Let me examine "your market," (large or small), prescribe money-making IDEAS and help you go in and win BIGGER—BETTER—BUSINESS. Here's the secret of American success—Analyse, Organize, Advertise. Good Luck.
R. V. KAIKINI, Sales Scout,
Hamilton Road, Delhi.

NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client FAKIR SUDKOJI KELUSKAR has contracted to purchase from Bai JIVIBAI, widow and Administratrix of VITHALDASS NARANJI, the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claims or demands upon or to the said premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, succession, gift, share, maintenance, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as Attorneys to the purchaser at their Office No. 89, Medows Street, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of free hold Foras land or ground together with the messuages, tenements, buildings or dwelling houses standing thereon situate lying and being at De'Lisle Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,720 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 93, 93, 93, 93, New No. 13598, Old Survey No. 388 and New Survey No. 2'34e8 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 7250, 7251 and 7252 and Street Nos. 3, 4, 136, 138 and 140 and which premises are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Narayan Raghunath Narayan Khote on or towards the South formerly by the property of Dhondiba Krishnaji and now by the property of Sahaji Savlaram Meher on or towards the East by a foot-path of De'Lisle Road aforesaid and on or towards the West, formerly by the property of Byramji Jeejeebhai, and now by the property of Bombay Improvement Trust.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1916.
(Sd.) NANU HORMUSJEE & Co.,
4324 Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 281 of 1904.

FIJABAI, widow of Moolji Noormahomed ..... Plaintiff.
v.
ANUNDA SEWA & Co. ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree absolute for sale made in the above suit and bearing date the 17th day of February, 1916, the following immoveable property will be sold by public auction by the Commissioner of this Hon. Court at his office in the Court House on Monday, the 12th day of June, 1916, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (S. T.).

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendants abovenamed in all that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate lying and being on the Western side of Nishampada Road outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 150 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under B Ward No. 2937 (2) 3313 and Street No. 230-2-145 and bounded as follows that is to say on the East by the Nishanpada Road aforesaid on the West by the Tandal Street on the North by the property of Khoja Rahimtulla Valjee and on the South by the property of Kazi Fatemahomed.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co. Attorneys for the Defendants abovenamed at Esplanade Road, Oriental Buildings within the Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1916.
H. H. WADIA,
4217 Commissioner.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mrs. MARY MARTHA, LEWIS GONSALVES and her son JOHN F. GONSALVES, of Andheri District Thana, have contracted to sell to our clients, the Grinding Mill Machinery and the Mill-engine (with all their parts and accessories) set up in working order in the temporary corrugated sheets building erected on the lands of Bhansali Hariwallabhdas Laxmidas at Andheri, on the Bandra-Ghodbunder Road. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said Machinery and Engine etc., or any part thereof, by way of sale, mortgage, lien, gift, etc., or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at Andheri District Thana, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

Dated, this 10th day of June, 1916.
GAJANAN S. PATIL, B.A., LL.B.,
4322 Vakil High Court.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 1st proximo, till SATURDAY, the 15th proximo, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
E. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 9th June, 1916. 4320

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

WEEK END EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LONAVLA.

THE UP EXPRESS will not run on MONDAY, the 12th instant, from Lonavla and on and from Saturday, the 17th instant, the Week End Expresses will cease to run.

(Sd.) A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 10th June, 1916.

WANTED.

WANTED.—TENDERS for supply of drugs, instruments, and other medical requisites. Apply for conditions to STATE SURGEON, Indore before June 30th.

GOPAUL K. TAMBI,
State Surgeon, Indore.
State Surgeon's Office,
Indore, the 6th June 1916. 4315

AUCTION SALE.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF WOODEN HORSE STALL FITTINGS, EMPTY PACKING CASES, BARRELS AND EMPTY DRUMS, ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 12th June, 1916, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), in the B. I. S. N Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon.

A quantity of wooden horse stall fittings, empty drums, barrels, and packing cases.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

AUCTION SALE OF THE MILLS' BELONGING TO THE ABOVENAMED COMPANY, SITUATED AT CHINCHPOGLY DELISLE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the liquidators of the Empress Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., with the concurrence of the Trustees of the Debenture holders of the Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 21st June, 1916, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), in one lot:—

All the freehold and leasehold lands together with the buildings standing thereon and all the machinery such as Boilers, Engines, Mule and Ring Spindles, Machinery tools, etc., and other appliances as well as the right to recover certain rents belonging to or vested in the above Company.

There are two Mills one known as the Old Empress Mill of 34,120 Mule Spindles and the other as the New Empress Mill of 41,564 Ring Spindles.

The liquidators will arrange for intending purchasers to view the premises and the Machinery on application being made to them.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Liquidators at their Office No. 1, Forbes Street, or their Solicitors, Messrs. Payne and Co., at Treachers Building, Esplanade Road.

SALE AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE of Aniline Dyes, Manufactured by Messrs. Ferben Fabrikan Bayer and Co., Ltd., Berlii Aniline Coy., Ltd., The Badische Coy., Meister Lucius and Bruning, Leopold Cassella and Co. and others.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 19th instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms, by order of the concerned the undermentioned goods:—

Indigo in lumps and grains 40 and 60 per cent. of B.A.S.F., B.A.: M.L.B.: Hydron Blue 40 per cent. Paste: Keryogine blue, Indogin blue dry paste, Sulphur blue, Kategin Violet, Theogin Violet, Kanthosine Orange, Paragal Orange, Indentherene Red Paste 20 per cent, Oxymine Red, Zamboshi Red, Algole Rose Paste, Helindon Rose Paste, Indentherene Scarlet Paste, Algole Yellow Paste, Sulphur Khaki.

The above goods are in original packing.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE, and CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 12th June, 1916.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52, Medows Street.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUBLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT BALOO SARANG STREET, WITHOUT THE FORT.

Under instructions from Messrs. Kanga and Sayani, Attorneys for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Abdul Sayab Abdul Hussein, the mortgagor in his personal capacity and as administrator of Babuji Abdul Husen, deceased, and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under the indenture of mortgage dated the 20th day of April, 1915, and made between Abdul Tayab Abdul Husein in his personal capacity and as the Administrator of Babuji Abdul Hussein of the one part and Mrs. Khairunnissabai Ismail Jan Mahomed of the other part, Messrs. GANDHI & Co., will sell the undermentioned property by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of June, 1916, at 5 p.m., (S. T.), on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground of which Mr. Sorabji Khursedji Sethna is the Fazandar and whereof the annual rent is Rs. 4-8-3 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being on the western side of Bhusari Mohollo otherwise called Baloo Sarang Street without the Fort in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 12 feet and 6 inches in breadth and 89 feet in length be the same a little more or less and forming a portion of land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under new Survey No. 2085 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 135 and street Nos. 148-150 and bounded on or towards the east by the said Baloo Sarang Street, on or towards the west by the sweepers passage, on or towards the North by the house of Bora Hussonalli Dawoodbhai and Jafferalli Bankers Dallal and on or towards the south by the property of Abdulbhai Faizoolabhoy.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Kanga and Sayani, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office situate at Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 12th June, 1916.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

No. 22, Apollo Street; Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF CAST IRON SCRAP.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (B. T.) sell by Public Auction, at Central Stores, Chinchpokli:—

A lot of cast iron scrap lying at Chinchpokli Maintenance Branch.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF SERVICEABLE AND UNSERVICEABLE MUNICIPAL STORES.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m. (B.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Central Stores (Water Work Stores) Chinchpokli.

A large lot of serviceable and unserviceable stores consisting of cast iron scrap, empty ink bottles, and dealwood cases, brass lock, tower iron bolts, iron latches or spring lock, dry paint clay abostine or paint white, copper strainer, iron plate and iron angle, R. I. caps for pressure gauge, C. I. cog wheel, C. I. glands for hydrant and sluices, paint mixed cream colour, brass cup hooks, brass casters, and buttons (screw), coupling hose gun metal, hook iron, coal tar, glass chimney for safety lamps, R. I. white canvassed, India rubber ring, saws circular, ambulances, brass glands for hydrants, etc.

At Victoria Gardens galvanized and iron sheets, old iron bars and scrap, old wood posts, frames, hurricane lanterns, storage and flushing tanks, wooden posts.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 12th Jun 1916.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

ON GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RY. LISTS.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED PARCELS, LUGGAGE, JEWELLERY, ETC., AT VICTORIA TERMINUS, G. I. P. RAILWAY.

On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 16th and 17th June, both days at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at the Victoria Terminus Parcel Office under sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Company Act IX of 1890 the unclaimed parcels and luggage consisting of jewellery, bags of rice, sugar, jogree, oil cakes, cotton sweeping, ground nuts, wheat, brass, copper and aluminium ware, betel nuts, glass bangles, iron cask, 2 bales cotton piece goods, 1 bale american drill, 1 parcel tanned buck leather, 1 parcel hosiery, 1 hand harmonium, bales of full pressed cotton, glass sheets, scented oils, theatrical goods, bicycles old clothing, trunks and boxes, medicines, umbrellas, planks, hats, etc., etc.

Also Howrah to Bombay.
Invoice No. 87 of 6-3-16.
1 cask containing soft soap.
Cash will be required at the time of sale.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 12th June, 1916.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

20 Apollo St, Fort, Tel: No. 3400

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE, 1916, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

AUCTION SALE OF ENTIRE STOCK-IN-TRADE OF THE SHOP OF MESSRS. J. JAMES AND CO., JEWELLERS.

On THURSDAY, the 15th day of June, 1916, at 2-30 p.m (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of the concerned in the shop opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co. at the corner of Medows Street, Fort, the entire stock-in-trade of the shop of Messrs. J. James and Co., jewellers comprising:—

Gold muff chains, scarf pins, buttons, Chinese gilt bracelets, buckles, purses, silverware, such as buckles, cigarette and card cases, pouches, broaches, lockets, photo frames, silver mounted brushes, comb, silver candle-sticks, sugar pots, milk pots, vases, umbrella handles, gold rings, studs, links, hair pins, hat-pins, photo pendants, charms, scarf pins, ear-rings, electroplated-ware, centre pieces, spoons and forks, jam pots, biscuit, jars, watches, rolled gold jewellery, entire shop furniture comprising:—Fancy show cases, show cupboards, church organ, large double door safe, electric and gas lamps, electric fans, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 12th June, 1916.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.
Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.
OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the share of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

FAVOURITE RESORT OF THE ELITE OF BOMBAY.
EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.
HUGE SUCCESS OF THE GREAT FILM
THE VERDICT: "BRILLIANT."
Justus Miles Forman's
Famous Novel on the screen:

"THE GARDEN OF LIES"

An American girl marries a Prince. On their honeymoon there is a motor smash. She loses her memory and her husband is forced to leave upon death of his royal father. To save Princess Eleanor's reason another man is brought and said to be her husband. The real husband returns and the two men fight. Court intrigues surround the new king and in a fight with conspirators he is killed, leaving Eleanor to marry the other man.

This is one of the romantic stories of modern times. It is brimming with excitement, is staged amid scenery surpassing in beauty any other film yet taken, and is acted superbly. Bombay Newspapers have in no way overestimated its excellence.

In addition to the Big Film
"MINGLING SPIRITS":
A comic showing how, with the aid of Mephistopheles, Mr. Newlywed expelled mother-in-law from his house.

And the latest
PATHE GAZETTE:
WAR-TIME MILLINERS MAKING SHRAPNEL-PROOF HELMETS.
REBELLION IN IRELAND.
"BRAVO BILL!"
LAMBETH'S GREAT WELCOME TO SERGT. TYLER, D.C.M.
KEEPING FIT.
The——shire Regiment on a route march outside Salonika.
AUSTRALIA'S NAVY.
Launch of H. M. A. S. "Brisbane."
BOYS' NAVAL BRIGADE INSPECTED BY ADMIRAL FREMANTLE.
LUSITANIA ANNIVERSARY.
Demonstration through London Streets.
THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.
Prices: Re. 1/8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 & 4.
Box seats Rs. 2.

NEW
ALEXANDRA CINEMA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
THE
GOLDEN COBRA,
AN EXCLUSIVE WITH A GRIP
and
CHARLES CHAPLIN
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in
"CHARLIE'S NIGHT OUT."
A screaming, side-splitting 2 part comic.
TIME:—7, 8-45 10-30
USUAL HALF RATES.

OLYMPIA CINEMA
TO-NIGHT
A Record and Expensive Incident in Cinema.
2 Serials together 8 parts.
MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY
AND
BROKEN COIN.
24 CASH PRIZES 24
IN
Rs. 2,000
TIME:—6-30, 8-45 & 10-20.

Flooring Tiles Marble decharnaj Mina Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,
Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT.,
BOMBAY.
Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals Bathroom fittings, etc.

G. M. JAYAKAR
ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER
GIRGAON, BOMBAY.
Photos by Day and Night
Pastel Painting a Speciality.
Perfect satisfaction in Snap Shots of Children.
Office, School and College Groups at special reduced rates.
Amateur Work done promptly and cheap.
A visit is solicited.
Studio open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

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AMUSEMENTS.

6-30. **EXCELSIOR THEATRE** 9-45.

"The finest Variety Performance ever seen in Bombay"

FROM THE LEADING LONDON THEATRES.

The Human Orchestra! The Human Orchestra! **LEON ROGEE** The Human Orchestra! The Human Orchestra!

Re-issue of the French War Office Film

LORD KITCHENER IN PARIS

Showing the Great Soldier at the last War Conference.

LEO RENE,	WALLINGFORD TATE	TESKA HODSON,
Light Comedian and Dancer.	and a Piano.	Soubrette and Dancer.

GIPSY WOOLF AND HER LONDON GIRLS

In a Gorgeous spectacular Dancing Scena. Beautiful Dancing! Superb SCENERY!

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 10th June 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi reports 1.21in. of rain. Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab, heavily clouded in the north Punjab, and moderately clouded in the east Punjab. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in excess in the south-west Punjab and has become normal elsewhere.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been fairly general; Mainpuri has had 0.23in., Cawnpore 5.25in. and Allahabad 0.74in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual. Temperature is in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind, lightly clouded in lower Sind and west Rajputana and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect in lower Sind but in excess in east Rajputana. Day temperature is in excess in Sind and at Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in defect at Surat.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Jubbulpore has had 3.40in., Saugor 0.64in., Hoshangabad 2.02in., Akola 0.19in., Amraoti 1.09in. and Nagpur 2.37in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual. Temperature is in defect, more especially during the day, when the deficiency raising from 3 deg. to 18 deg. F.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general; Bombay has had 6.52in., Ratnagiri 4.52in., Mormugao 1.76in., and Karwar 0.70in. Skies are heavily clouded. Temperature is in defect in the north Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general in north Hyderabad and local in the Bombay Deccan; Ahmednagar has had 0.43in., Belgaum 0.18in., Aurangabad 0.24in., and Nizamabad 0.21in. Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in considerable defect in the northern half of the division and in slight or moderate defect in the southern half.

General Remarks.—The monsoon has strengthened on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central and the United Provinces and extended to the extreme north. Rainfall has been widespread and generally heavy in the Konkan, Malabar and the Central Provinces, nearly general in north Hyderabad and United Provinces and local in the Bombay Deccan and the north Punjab.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the Central and the United Provinces, local rain in the north and the east Punjab and some showers in Rajputana, Central India West and the Deccan.

OBVERSATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on SATURDAY, the 10th of June 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st November to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st November to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (8th)	90	74.9	55	..	0	0
Jask	10	10 79.4	33	..	0	—0.05
Muskat	105	3 86.9	31	..	0	—0.15
Do. (8th)	..	..	..	..	1	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	116	4 95.3	46	..	0	—0.04
Rawalpindi	106	2 72.0	74	1.21	1.27	—0.98
Lahore	105	6 79.3	76	..	0.16	0.02
Hissar	107	5 82.3	60	..	0	..
Ambala	102	7 83.3	56	..	0 78	0.77
Delhi	100	6 82.1	55	..	0.43	0.15
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	98	0 81.8	72	..	0	—0.16
Mainpuri	95	6 78.1	92	0.23	0.23	0.21
Jhansi	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cawnpore	89	6 74.9	98	5.25	7.74	7.39
Allahabad	93	5 78.0	85	0.74	1.06	—0.07
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	119	7 85.0	44	..	0	—0.02
Karachi	91	9 80.1	63	..	0	—0.09
Ajmer	102	8 84.4	61	..	0.75	0.66
Jaipore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mount Abu	88	7 72.6	21	..	1.30	1.11
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	100	6 75.1	32	..	0.40	0.21
Dwarka	89	7 83.3	79	..	0	—0 32
Veraval	96	3 83.6	82	..	0.49	0.49
Rajkot	101	1 77.5	69	..	1.95	1 82
Bhavnagar Para	99	6 84.2	81	..	0.26	0.06
Surat	84	6 76.5	88	..	1.97	1.58
Ahmedabad	105	7 83.6	68	..	0.18	0.09
Deesa	107	4 82.0	71	..	1.32	1.3?
Neemuch	101	7 80.0	73	..	1.44	1.F
Indore	92	1 76.1	72	..	1.14	0.1
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jabbulpore	92	7 74.7	84	3.40	3.58	3.40
Saugor	86	2 70.0	80	0.64	0.79	0.74
Hoshangabad	89	7 71.6	90	2.02	2.55	1.74
Khandaw	85	0 74.5	81	..	1.64	0.73
Akola	85	4 76.5	82	0.19	1.67	0.58
Amraoti	89	4 75.7	91	1.09	1.28	—0.19
Nagpur	97	3 73.0	85	2.37	2.86	1.10
Chanda	..	..	..	..	..	..
Raipur	89	7 76.9	82	0.02	2.33	1.37
KONKAN—						
Bombay	80	2 76.8	89	6.52	13.27	0.85
Ratnagiri	80	5 74.3	93	4.52	19.74	11.73
Mormugao	88	0 74.9	87	1.76	19.99	12.37
Karwar	85	9 73.9	90	0.70	18.12	6.19
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	80	9 73.3	73	0.02	1.30	—0.16
Ahmednagar	78	6 71 4	86	0.43	2.36	0.13
Poona	84	0 72.5	83	..	2.16	0.68
Sholapur	89	6 74.0	70	..	2.06	0.08
Bijapur	87	3 72.1	70	..	3.47	1 93
Belgaum	81	2 67.2	89	0.18	1.99	—0.61
Ahmedabad	77	8 72.5	87	0.24	3.19	1 85
Nizamabad (Jn	87	9 75.7	73	0.21	2.71	2 18
Hyderabad	92	7 75.4	84	..	0 32	—1 68
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	87	4 73.6	90	0.78	18 22	6'75
Calicut	85	2 74.5	93	2.29	15.24	4.27
Cochin	88	0 73.4	80	1.50	10.88	1.81
Colombo	84	2 74 2	86	0.14	2.59	—1.00
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	95	8 81.2	75	..	4.15	2.71
Bellary	94	5 76.7	61	..	0.04	—0.84
Cuddapah	101	5 84.3	53	..	0.31	—0.71
Madras	97	5 82.6	50	..	0 84	0.20
Bangalore	82	0 66.4	84	..	0.57	—0.95
Coimbatore	87	871.4	69	0.01	1.04	0 58
Tuticorin	90	1 79.6	60	..	0.03	—0.60
Kodaikanal	99	2 70.8	79	..	0.05	—0.30

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

SUMMARY OF MONSOON FORECAST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 10.

The monsoon has given heavier rain on the west coast of the Peninsula and the central parts of the country. The weather is still disturbed at the head of the Bay.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, east United Provinces, west of the Central Provinces, Konkan, north Hyderabad and Malabar; local in Upper Burma, Chota Nagpur, Bihar west of the United Provinces, east and north Punjab, Bombay Deccan, north Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Assam, south-west Punjab, the north-west Frontier Provinces, east of the Central Provinces and Mysore.

The chief amounts are:—Victoria Point, Tavoy, Diamond Island three inches; Moulmein one; Mergui and Burdwan two; Cox's Bazaar, Chittagong, and Cuttack one; Cawnpore five; Allahabad and Lucknow three-quarters; Chakrata six; Mussooree four; Jhansi two; Simla three; Murree and Rawalpindi one; Khushab three-quarters; Amraoti one; Jubbulpore and Pachmarhi three; Hoshangabad and Nagpur two; Bombay seven; Ratnagiri five; Marmagoa and Calicut two; Cochin and Trivandrum one and a half.

Forecast:—Extension of rain into Gujarat, south-east Rajputana, and south-east Punjab.

Summary of monsoon forecast:—The outlook for general monsoon rainfall of India is on the whole somewhat unfavourable and the rainfall is likely to be in slight or moderate defect at any rate in the earlier part of the season.

As regards geographical distribution, apart from Lower Burma, Assam and Malabar the only region where conditions appear favourable is south-east Madras. The deficiency which is anticipated in general elsewhere is likely to be most marked in north-west India.

LAHORE, June 10.

After a series of dust-storms Lahore had a good downpour of rain this noon. All dust has been cleared and the temperature has fallen considerably. The sky which is still overcast with cloud, promises more

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 10th June 1916.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to 9th 1915.	June 1st to 9th 1914.
Colaba [Observatory]	6.52	13.27	0.00	30.2
Fort [St. George's Hospital]	4.21	11.36	0.00	0.17
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital]	4.26	11.00	0.00	0.20
Byculla [J. J. Hospital]	3.19	11.63	0.00	0.28

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 10th June 1916, was 29.694 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ships' barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8.45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, 9th June 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a. m. 10 a. m. 2 p. m. 6 p. m. and 10 p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.522 Inc.
Temperature of Air	78.8 Deg
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.3 "
Dew Point	76.7 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.933 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	10.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	80.2 "
Minimum do.	76.8 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	SSW, W, WNW.
Movement of Wind do. do.	152 Miles.
Fall of Rain	7.60 Inches.
Total fall during month	13.26 "
Do. do. year	13.37 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 10th	0.05 "

The Baroda Government has made an additional gift of 80 horses for military purposes and has also agreed to place at the disposal of the British Government the services of Dr. Meyer, the Chief Medical Officer, for duty in Mesopotamia the Baroda Durbar continuing to pay his salary while so employed.

HIGH COURT.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 12TH OF JUNE, 1916.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.
In the Division Court No. 52.
Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

17-16-1163-15.—Payne & Co., Hassonally Adamji Maraiawala and ors, v. Mahomedally Adamji Peerbhoy, Edg G W & Co.

Before the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge in Chambers.
Petition for hearing (in Chambers).

In Re Indian Company's Act 1913.—Craig & Co., In Re the Bombay Telephone Co., Ltd., v. The Bombay Telephone Co., Ltd., Petitioners.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

478-10.—Vachha & Co., Ismail Haji Allarakhia and anr, v. Mahonn Miya & ors, Jeh S M & H, Moti & S, Part heard, 16-3-16.

814-15.—Dastur & Co. for a pauper, Ramaya Babaya, v. Vithoba Krishnaji Kasoola & ors, Judah & S, Part heard, 15-3-16.

1407-15.—Surajmal & Co., Bai Nandoobai, widow, v. Luxman Bhaskar, D J Mantri, Part heard, 3-3-16.

741-15.—C P D'Cunha, Prabhaker Bhauram, v. Rao Saheb Jairam Janardhan Mantri & ors, D J Mantri, Part heard, 7-12-15.

Matrimonial Cases.

237-16.—Pandia & Co., Leslie Mitchell, v. Jane Mitchell & anr.

285-16.—Payne & Co. for a pauper, Helen Priddle, v. George Alfred Priddle.

Commercial Cause.

1038-15.—Tyabji D & Co., Nihalchand Gurmukhrai, v. Gokalchand Bhagwandas & ors, Malvi H M & R.

Long Causes.

807-15.—Jamsetji R & D, Padamsey Meghji, v. Luchmondas Jamnadas, Daphtary F and D.

366-14.—Tyabji D & Co., Cassam Haji Tyab & ors, v. Bai Rehmabai, widow, Chitnis M & K.

1294-15.—Ardeshir H D & Co., Dhunjishaw Merwanji Contractor, v. Peerojshaw Jamaeji Patel & ors, Merwanji K & Co.

408-15.—Smetham B & Co., Laxmibai, widow, v. Krishnabai alias Yemnabai and anr, Judah and S.

1106-15.—Captain and V, Chaganlal Vithalji Trivedi, v. J Perojsha & Co., a firm, Wadia G and Co.

1338-14.—Bhaishanker K & G, The Pioneer Bank Ltd, in Liqn, v. Krishnarao Anant Joshi, G B Pandia.

984-14.—Ardeshir H D & Co., Abraham E J Abraham, v. Mungtooram Premraj, Malvi H M & R.

365-14.—Tyabjee D & Co., Cassam Haji Tyab, v. Bai Rehmobai, widow and ors, Chitnis M and K, Mulji and Th.

1255-15.—Sabnis and G, Dubibai, widow, v. Mahadeo Dharma Patel & ors, Smetham B & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice.
In the division Court No. 180.
For further directions and Costs on Commr's Report.

197-12.—Payne & Co., Esmailji Mulla Vallibhoy, v. Essaji Moosaji & ors, Jeh & S, Jam E & D, Patell & Ez, Surajmal & Co., Mer K & Co.

Long Causes.

744-15.—Smetham B & Co., Wanna Rajaji & Co., a firm, v. Krishnarao Gopalrao Gaikwad, Sabnis and G, Part heard by D J, 10-4-16.

776-15.—Khanderao L & M, Nawaballi v. Vazeerkhan Amirkhan & ors, Amin and D, Part heard by D J 7-2-16.

256-02.—Tyabji D and Co., Fotmabai, widow & ors, v. Abdul Sakoor, Crawford B & Co.

205-15.—J A Valles, Parvatibai, v. Thakoobai, widow and ors, M B Chothia.

715-13.—Mulla and M, Mahomed Nazerkhan bin Azum Khan, v. Aga Mirza Md Hussein & ors, Khanderao L & M, Nadirshaw and D, Mulla and M.

793-15.—Motichand & D, Syed Hoosein Syed Ramzan, v. Hazrabai, widow and ors, Motichand & D, Patell & Ezekiel.

1280-15.—Pandia and Co., Kasibai, widow, v. Hirji alias Guja Narayen & anr.

635-14.—Jehangir S M & H, Carrimbhoy Salebhoy Datoo, v. Gulam Hoosein Cassam Vishram and ors, Merwanji K & Co., Jehangir M & S, Matubhai J & M, Manchershaw & N.

27-16.—Patell and Ez, Oomer Haji Sooma, v. Mankinbai, widow and ors.

1066-15.—Unwalla P & P, Dewoobai, widow, v. Tarabai, widow and ors, Mulji & Tha, Unwalla P and P.

1154-14.—Wadia G and Co., Pirojbai Peetonji Powalla & ors, v. Cooverji Dorabji Powalla & ors, Payne and Co.

177-15.—Payne and Co., Jetha Dewji & Co., a firm, v. Kishandas Ramchandra, a firm, Mitichand & D.

797-14.—Merwanji K & Co., Bansidhar Gopaldas, a firm, v. Lakhmidas Ludha & anr, Madhowji K & Ch, Mirza M and M.

155-11.—Kanga & S, Pandharinath Madonji, v. Rajaram Tukaram and anr, Mans H M & Co.

553-15.—Ardeshir H D & Co., Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal, v. The Poona Cotton & Silk Mafg Co., Ld., in Liquidation, Bhaishanker K & G.

1320-12.—Edgelow G W & Co., Dhulaji Hakmaji & ors, v. Gulabchand Vanva & ors, Jehangir M & Somji.

1313-15.—Jehangir S M & H, Nemchand Maneckchand & anr, v. Tuljaram Harakhchand & ors, Khanderao L & M, Agst. 3rd Deft only.

1131-13.—Patell and Ez, Rahimtulla Meherally and ors, v. Kassambhai Allibhai, Payne and Co.

188-16.—Payne and Co., Khensabai, widow and anr, v. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla, Kt and ors, Payne and Co., Patell & Ez.

187-15.—Jehangir G & B, Gulam Abbas Tyabally, v. Hassonalli Tyaballi & anr, Payne & Co.

767-15.—Motichand & D, Dhanji Rugnath Mody & ors, v. Benkorebai, & ors, Madh K & Co., Edg G W & Co.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR MUSLIM STUDENTS.

The following scholarships for higher education are at the disposal of the Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay, and will be awarded to deserving Muslim students. Applications should be sent to the Hon. Secretaries in the prescribed form of the Anjuman before the 25th instant:—

5 Prof. Mirza Hairat Scholarships, each of Rs. 10 per mensem.

2 Haji Haroon Siddik Scholarships, each of Rs. 15 p.m.

2 Sir Currimbhoy E. Bt. Scholarships (Commerce and Industry), each of Rs. 8 p.m.

1 Sir Rasulkhanji Scholarship (Science) of Rs. 12 p.m.

1 Haji Sulleman A. Wahed Scholarship (Veterinary), of Rs. 5 p.m.

1 Ibrahimbhoy Md. Sayani Scholarship (for Kaira or Broach students), of about Rs. 12 p.m.

S. S. Castlemoor:—The steamer Castlemoor, 2,404 tons, Captain P. E. Angus, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, which port she had left on April 30, with a general cargo.

THEFT, ROBBERY, AND BURGLARY

can be avoided by using

THE SAFE DEPOSIT,

HOME STREET.

PLACE ALL YOUR ADVERTISING THROUGH ME.

It will produce not only **BIGGER** but **BETTER** Business.

R. V. KAIKINI,

Sales Scout and Ads Help.

3, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"Bigger-Better-Business."

Nervous & Sleepless

Take 2 Tablets at Bedtime and you will Sleep Soundly and Wake Fresh and Vigorous.

When you feel gloomy and depressed and cannot sleep, suspect your nerves. When you shrink from company and would rather be alone you are losing confidence in yourself, and that can only mean weak nerves. But take Dr. Cassell's Tablets for such condition and you will be astonished at the results, astonished at the bright new health you will gain, at the splendid vigour and vitality they will give you.

Lady Charlotte Briggs, the famous Authoress, writes:—"Lady Briggs presents her compliments to Dr. Cassell's Medicine Company, and will be glad of another half-dozen packets of their Tablets, which she has much pleasure in stating are most efficacious in removing the distressing results of overwork, over-worry, or nervousness."

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are prepared from purest selected ingredients, of proved restorative power; their incomparable efficacy has made them the most popular remedy in the world for

Nervous Breakdown **Nervous Debility** **Stomach Disorders**
Nerve Paralysis **Sleeplessness** **Wasting Diseases**
Infantile Paralysis **Anæmia** **Vital Exhaustion**
Neurasthenia **Kidney Weakness** **General Debility**

and as a protection against Malaria, Dysentery, and Infectious complaints.

Ask for Dr. Cassell's Tablets and take no substitute. Sold by Chemists and Bazaars in all parts of India, at As, 14 and Rs. 2.2, the larger size being the more economical.

Sole Proprietors:—Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets

Britain's Greatest Remedy

Free Sample.

Send 2 Annas in stamps for postage and packing to J. Murray and Co., Ltd., P.O. Box 363, Bombay, and you will receive a generous free sample.

HIGH CLASS

BEDSTEADS

OF THE LATEST DESIGNS

A visit to my SHOW ROOMS

NEW QUEEN'S ROAD

WILL SAVE YOUR TIME AND MONEY.

L. ROYSAMPAT.

OFFICE:

70, APOLLO ST., BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

INDIAN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

THE WHEAT POSITION.

The returns issued by the Department of Statistics, India, show that the total imports of wheat by rail, river, and sea (foreign and coastwise) into the ports of Bombay, Karachi, and Calcutta for the week ending the 27th May 1916, were 14,572 tons as against 70,826 tons and 63,351 tons for the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. For the same period the total exports by sea to foreign countries amounted to 5,770 tons as against 76,494 tons and 21,283 tons in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. These weekly figures of exports represent wheat entered for shipment, excluding in certain cases only the short shipments reported during the period.

THE JUTE POSITION.

The total arrivals of raw jute into Calcutta by all routes during the week ending the 27th May 1916, were 12,745 bales of 400 lbs. each as against 44,760 bales in 1915 and 27,354 bales in 1914. For the same period the total exports of raw jute by sea to foreign countries from Calcutta and Chittagong amounted to 22,170 bales of 400 lbs. each as against 18,794 bales and 32,472 bales in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. The imports of raw jute into Calcutta from the beginning of the present season (1st July) are 7 per cent more than in the corresponding period of 1914-15 but 6 per cent less than in 1913-14. The exports of raw jute from the beginning of the present season (1st July) are 7 per cent more than in 1914-15 but 37 per cent less than in 1913-14. The exports of gunny bags from Calcutta during the week ending the 27th May 1916 were 32 millions as against two millions last year and 11 millions in 1914, showing an increase of 1.224 and 182 per cent over the figures of the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. These percentage increases do not indicate the real increase in the quantity of bags manufactured and exported because bags of different dimensions and weight are included in the total number. The number of gunny bags entered for shipment from January to date amounted to 357 millions in 1916, as against 214 millions in 1915 and 168 millions in 1914. The exports of gunny cloth from Calcutta during the week of report were 29 million yards as against six million yards in the same period last year and 22 million yards in 1914, thus showing an increase of 337 and 29 per cent over the figures of the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. The total exports of gunny cloth entered for shipment from January to date were 454 million yards, as against 446 million yards in the same period last year, and 428 million yards in 1914.

THE COTTON POSITION.

The arrivals of raw cotton into Bombay during the week ending the 27th May 1916, were 47,437 bales of 400 lbs. each as against 54,885 bales and 73,393 bales in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. The arrivals from the beginning of the present season (1st September) were 2,777,581 bales, an increase of 19 per cent over the figures of the corresponding period of 1914-15, but a decrease of 15 per cent as compared with 1913-14.

The total imports during the week ending the 27th May 1916, of cotton piecegoods by sea from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, and Rangoon amounted to 56 million yards as against 46 million yards and 44 million yards in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. The total quantity of piecegoods (Indian and foreign) despatched during the week by rail from the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, and Madras amounted to 2,522 tons as against 3,542 tons in 1915 and 2,814 tons in 1914.

GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

The report of the General Accident Fire and Life Assurance Corporation shows that the total income amounted to £1,426,300 as compared with £1,578,588 in the previous year.

After carrying £50,000 of surplus reserve to profit and loss account and adding £24,431 to the various funds, there remains at credit of profit and loss the sum of £11,689, and after paying a dividend of 5 per cent. on the preference shares, a balance of £4,039 is carried forward.

The total funds, including capital at call, amount to £2,397,931. The Life department new business amounted to £102,968 and the life, annuity and capital redemption funds amount to £205,306.

The quinquennial valuation to December 31st, last, has been completed, and after writing down the Stock Exchange securities to their values on the basis of prices at or below those of December 31, 1915, and further providing £6,000 as reserve for future possible depreciation of investments, there remains £13,961 profit available for distribution, £1,602 being carried to profit and loss account, and the balance provides a bonus of £1 per cent. per annum for the past quinquennium.

In the fire department the nett premium income amounted to £180,035, as compared with £161,524 in the previous year. The losses paid and outstanding amounted to £84,390, as compared with £80,489 in 1914.

In the accident and general account the premium income amounted to £1,163,828 as compared with £1,335,085 in the previous year. The losses paid and outstanding amounted to £734,077 as compared with £825,100 for 1914.

PARISIAN DAIRY Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, June 9th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	7,000
" " Sales of East Indian	1,500
" " Imports	250
Mid. Americans	8,000
Egyptian F. G. F.	8.42—7
New York 10-30 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	11.81—12
	July 12.71— 6
	Oct. 12.86— 5
New Orleans 9-30 a.m.	July 12.60— 3
	Oct. 12.86— 5

London, June 10th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	4,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	500
" " Sales of East Indian	60
" " Imports	5,000
Mid. Americans	8.40— 2
Egyptian F. G. F.	11.74—7

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, June 10th.

Total Imports 5,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's opening price.	
June	8.14	unchgd.
June-July	8.09	unchgd.
July-Aug.	8.06	unchgd.
Aug.-Sept.	7.99	unchgd.
Sept.-Oct.	7.92	unchgd.
Oct.-Nov.	7.86	unchgd.
Nov.-Dec.	7.81	unchgd.
Dec.-Jan.	7.78	unchgd.
Jan.-Feb.	7.76	+2
Feb.-Mar.	7.75	+2
Mar.-Apl.	7.74	+2
Apl.-May	7.73	+2
May-June	7.72	+2
June-July	7.72	+2

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 9th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	Decline on previous close.
June	8.14	2
June-July	8.09	3
July-Aug.	8.06	3
Aug.-Sept.	7.99	3
Sept.-Oct.	7.92	3
Oct.-Nov.	7.84	3
Nov.-Dec.	7.79	3
Dec.-Jan.	7.76	3
Jan.-Feb.	7.74	3
Feb.-March	7.73	3
March-April	7.72	3
April-May	7.71	3
May-June	7.70	3
June-July	7.70	3

Liverpool, June 10th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	
June	8.14	unchgd.
June-July	8.09	unchgd.
July-Aug.	8.06	unchgd.
Aug.-Sept.	7.99	unchgd.
Sept.-Oct.	7.92	unchgd.
Oct.-Nov.	7.85	+1
Nov.-Dec.	7.79	unchgd.
Dec.-Jan.	7.77	+1
Jan.-Feb.	7.75	+1
Feb.-March	7.74	+1
March-April	7.73	+1
April-May	7.71	+1
May-June	7.71	+1
June-July	7.71	+1

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, June 9th.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	11.61— 9
November	11.24— 8
January	11.03— 9

Liverpool, June 10th.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	11.58—3
November	11.19—5
January	11.03—5

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, June 9th.

M. G. Bengal Good	6.20	
" " Fully Good	6.35	Unchgd.
" " Fine	6.50	
" No. 1 Oomra Good	6.50	
" " Fine	6.80	
" Broach Good	8.00	—5
" " Fully Good	8.15	
" " Fine	8.30	
" Scinde Good	6.15	
" " Fully Good	6.30	Unchgd.
" " Fine	6.45	

Liverpool, June 10th.

M. G. Bengal Good	6.20	
" " Fully Good	6.35	
" " Fine	6.50	
" No. 1 Oomra Good	6.50	
" " Fine	6.80	
" Broach Good	8.00	
" " Fully Good	8.16	Unchgd.
" " Fine	8.30	
" Scinde Good	6.15	
" " Fully Good	6.30	
" " Fine	6.45	

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, June 9th.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	4,000
" Forwarded	68,000
" Imports	54,000
" Stock	659,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, June 10th.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	11,858,000
Egyptain Visible Supply	144,000
East India " "	246,000
American " "	2,829,000
Other " "	47,000
Total Sales	38,000
East Indian Sales	1,000
Total Speculation	4,000
" Export	2,000
East Indian Stock	46,000
" " Forwarded	2,100
" " Actual Export	600
" " Imports	21,000
" " Speculation	300
American Afloat	180,000
East Indian Afloat	19,000
Total Afloat	210,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, June 9th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	12,000
" Exports to Great Britain	4,000
" " to Continent	15,000
Futures at New York July	12.76+9
Futures at New York October	12.90+9
Spot Cotton at New York	12.85 unchgd
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	12.63 unchgd
Futures at New Orleans July	12.64+7
Futures at New Orleans October	12.72+8
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9¼ unchgd
Demand Bills	4.75½ unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars	62⅞—3/4

Bales.

Week's Receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports	73,000
" Exports to Great Britain	68,000
" " to France and Continent	58,000
" " to Japan	6,000
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports	967,000
" " at Interior Ports	565,000

New York, June 10th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	7,000
" Exports to Great Britain	5,000
" " to Continent	5,000
Futures at New York July	12.83+7
Futures at New York October	12.97+7
Spot Cotton at New York	12.90+5
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	12.63 Unchgd.
Futures at New Orleans July	12.68+4
Futures at New Orleans October	12.78+6
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9¼ Unchgd.
Demand Bills	4.75⅛
Silver Commercial Bars	63¼+⅛

MANCHESTER MARKET.

Liverpool, June 9th.

Cloth :—Steady with moderate business—India isolated.

Yarns :—Firm Quiet.

MONEY MARKET.

London, June 9th.

Bar Silver Spot	30—1⅛

Closing Tone of Silver :—Chaina selling uncertain.

Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 percent. since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 9/16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	4⅛
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5
" " " " 6 "	5⅛
Interest day to day loans	3⅛
" 7 day market loans	4
Consols 2½%	60½+⅛
Rupee Paper 3½%	53⅛
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	80¼ Unchgd.
Government Securities 3%	69¼
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	28.16 Unchgd

London, June 10th.

Bar Silver Spot	30½+⅛

Closing Tone of Silver :—Coinage buying Steady.

Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 9/16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	4⅛
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5
" " " " 6 "	5⅛
Interest day to day loans	3⅛
" 7 day market loans	4
Consols 2½ o/o	61—⅛
Rupee Paper 3½ o/o	53⅛
Indian Stock 3½% (Sterling Loan)	80¼ Unchgd.
Government Securities 3 o/o	69¼
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	28.16 unchgd.

WAR LOANS.

London, June 9th.

3½ o/o 1925—1928	£89¼+¼
4½ o/o 1925—1945	£96+⅛

London, June 10th.

3½ o/o 1925—1928	£89¼—¼
4½ o/o 1925—1945	£96+⅛

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, June 9th.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F May-June Nominal. Unchgd.	63/9

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs. June Sellers Unchgd.	56/6

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian April Sellers. Unchgd.	65
Victorian April Sellers. Unchgd.	67

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley June-July sellers. Unchgd.	50/9

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship June-July Sellers. Unchgd.	62/6
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship June-July, London Sellers	72 9+8d.
Toria Rapeseed June-July Sellers. Unchgd.	63

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) June-July Nominal Unchgd.	70/6
Linseed Calcutta June-July Sellers	69 6+9d.

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) June-July Hull Sellers	13/5/0

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£143
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal,	£123½
Copper Braziers	£163
Yellow Metal	10½
Hard Spelter	65
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F.O.B. Liverpool	£27/10/0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie	£6-4-6

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Aug.-Oct.	21/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Aug.-Oct.	21/7½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta, Aug.-Oct.	23/6
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Aug.-Oct.	23/7½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure June-July Paid. Unchgd.	2/8½
Plantation First Latex Crepe July Paid	2/7—½

London, June 10th.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. May-June. Nominal	63 9

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs. June. Sellers	56 6

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian. April. Sellers	65
Victorian. April Sellers	67

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley. June-July. Sellers	50/3

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship. June-July. Sellers	62/6
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship. June-July. London. Sellers	72 9
Toria Rapeseed :—June-July. Sellers	63

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) June-July Naminal	70/6

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) June-July-Hull. Sellers	13/5/0

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£143
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£123½
Copper Braziers	£163
Yellow Metal	16½
Hard Spelter	65
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool.	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 p.c. F.O.B. Liverpool	£27/10/0
Pig Iron No. 1 Gartsherrie	6 1/6

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal Nominal.

RUBBER.

Para Rubbers fine hard cure June-July Paid	2/8½
Plantation First Latex Crepe July. Sellers	2/7

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

Messrs. PATEL BROS'. MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growth	Fine	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
M. G. Broach	..	..	284	Apr. 1917
M. G. Bengals	..	221	..	Jan. 1917
M. G. Bengals	227	..	..	July 1916
M. G. Sind Punjab	..	..	..	..
M. G. Khandesh	..	..	..	..
M.G. Wardha-Hinganghat.	..	..	..	..
M. G. Nagpore	..	..	..	..
M. G. Akola-Khgm	253	..	..	July 1916
Do.	256	..	..	Sept. 1916
Do.	259	..	..	Jan. 1917
M. G. Broach	..	..	..	..
H. G. Westerns	..	..	..	201 June/July'16
M. G. Westerns	..	..	..	311 "
Compta	..	..	..	333 "
Saw Ginned Dharwar.	..	..	..	305 "

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE Co., Ltd.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 10th June, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (H.G.)	..	..	224	..	1/25 Jan. 1917
	236	227	215	..	Ready
Bengals (M.G.)	..	230	..	..	July
	..	..	..	..	..
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	..	219	289	..	Ready
	..	244	230	..	Ready
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	246	..	..	July
	..	253	..	..	1/25 Jan. 1917
Jaina (M.G.)	..	..	246	..	Ready
Barsee (M.G.)	..	..	275	..	Ready
Wadhwan (M.G.)	..	222	..	..	Ready
Do. (H.G.)	..	282	..	..	Ready
Indore Ujjain (M.G.)	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..
Oomra M.G. (Fair Staple)	..	..	..	..	..
	..	255	247	..	Ready & July
Akola Kghm.	..	258	..	..	Sept.
Karahja (M.G.)	..	261	..	..	1/25 Jan. 1917
	..	..	..	..	..
Oomrawatee Descriptions (M.G.)	..	255	247	..	Ready & July
Dhanangaum Poolgaum (M.G.)	..	258	250	..	Ready & July
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	262	254	..	Ready & July
	..	..	..	..	..
Nagpore Kamptl (M.G.)	..	267	259	..	Ready & July
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	..	268	260	..	Ready & July
	..	282	278	..	Ready
Broach (M.G.)	..	278	..	..	July
	..	..	..	286	25th April 17.
	..	..	..	..	..
Miraj (M.G.)	..	..	..	330	Ready
Surat (M.G.)	..	..	..	326	June/July
	..	..	..	..	..
Mathia (M.G.)	..	244	230	..	Ready
	..	..	..	..	..
Bhagalkote Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	..	316	Ready
	..	..	..	308	June/July
	..	..	..	..	..
Sawgd. Dharwar	..	..	..	308	Ready
	..	..	..	300	June/July
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	..	318	Ready
" (H.G.)	..	..	..	312	June/July
	..	..	..	308	Ready
	..	..	..	302	June/July
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	..	338	Ready
	..	..	..	325	June/July

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 9th June 1916 :—

Cotton	3,218 Bales.
Wheat	4,053 cwts.
Linseed	10,537 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	274 "
Groundnuts	1,359 "
Castorseed	1,548 "
Rice	1,085 "
Myrabollams	595 "
Cottonseed	807 "
Gram	189 "
Joowar	2,483 "
Barley	492 "

STOCKS OF COTTON.

Stock of cotton on 1st September 1915	625,000	
Receipts from 1st September to 8th June 1916	2,886,167	
	3,511,167	
Shipments do.	1,649,090	
	1,862,077	
Afloat	16,734	
	1,845,343	
Estimated Mill Consumption and Up-country by Rail 1st Sept. to date	908,000	
	937,343	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, June 10th—1 p.m.

Ready	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30'	39 0 0	5 13 3
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	38 0 0	5 13 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	37 0 0	5 12 9
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	5 15 0	6 5 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	5 11 0	6 1 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	6 12 0	7 2 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	7 9 0	7 15 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	7 5 0	7 11 6
Teaseed, White 85-15	43 0 0	.....
" Gajar 75-25	42 0 0	.....
" Gajar 50-50	41 0 0	.....
" Black	36 0 0	.....
Popyseed, White	6 8 0	6 14 0
Groundnuts	41 0 0	4 6 0
Mowrseed	4 0 0	
Forward.	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat April-May	8 12 9	
Linseed May	8 7 3	

Castorseed.
Ready Rs. 7-2, R.D. per cwt
Cottonseed.
Rs. 25, B.T. per candy.

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates :—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4 1-16d. to 1s. 4 1-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 4 3-32d. to 1s. 4 1-16d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4 1-16d. July
Banks' Buying Rates.	
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 3/8d.
Do. do. Forward	1s. 4 13-32d. Aug.
Do. 6 m-s Ready	1s. 4 5/8d.
Francs 3 m.s do.	19¼
60 d-s Hongkong	150
Do. Shanghai	206½
Do. Yokohama	154

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	27-0 0
Australian do.	26-0-0
Bombay do.	25-4-0
English Shield Sovereigns	17-0-0
English Dragons	15-12-0
Silver Ready ex-duty	74-14-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, June 10.

The Cotton Mill Share Market maintained a steady tone to-day.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferred shares displayed some activity to-day and the rates firmed up before close.

In Mill shares for July delivery Davids closed at Rs. 476½.

Fazulbhai were placed at Rs. 490.

Standards stood steady at Rs. 1,230, Madhavji at Rs. 1,430, Swadeshi at Rs. 1,645 and Centrals at Rs. 2,145.

Indore-Malwas were placed between the prices varying from Rs. 302½ to Rs. 312½. Indian Bleaching were placed at Rs. 165 and Crescent at Rs. 128½.

Finlays were in demand at Rs. 270.

Bank of India shares changed hands at Rs. 694.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 258½. Preference shares at Rs. 162.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares stood at Rs. 175.

Deferred opened at Rs. 665 but closed at Rs. 685.

Tata Hydro ordinary shares were quiet at Rs. 1,340.

Indian Cement were placed at Rs. 220.

Alcocks were quoted at Rs. 482½.

Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 230.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done at Rs. 80⅜.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were quoted at Rs. 93½.

PROHIBITION OF EXPORT OF COAL

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 9.

The Governor General in Council has prohibited the export of coal (other than Welsh coal) and coke from British India except to the United Kingdom, British possessions and protectorates, provided that nothing in this notification shall apply to (1) goods shipped by or for the use of the Crown; (2) goods shipped to any Indian port; (3) goods required for use on consumption in (A) French or Portuguese possessions in India, or (B) Native States in India; (4) goods shipped for use or consumption during voyage in any case or class of cases where the Governor General in Council may by general or special order otherwise direct.

RESTRICTIONS ON EXPORT OF MICA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 9.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking out of British India, (a) of sickle dressed block clear ruby and slightly stained ruby mica of sizes Nos. 3 and 4, 5 and 6, Bengal standard, to all destinations, and (b) of all other descriptions of mica to countries other than the United Kingdom and British possessions, unless a permit in this behalf signed by the Chief Customs Officer is produced to the Customs Collector at the port of export.

MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

DEWAN'S REVIEW OF YEAR'S PROGRESS.

(From our Correspondent.)

MYSORE, June 9.

The seventh session of the Mysore Economic Conference was opened at Mysore on Friday, when the President, Sir M. Viswesvaraya, in the course of his inaugural address, said :—

Gentlemen, this day marks the beginning of the sixth year in the life of the Mysore Economic Conference. We meet at this annual session to discuss the more important economic questions which affect our State to take stock of last year's progress and to prepare programmes of work for the coming year. If times permit the organization of the Conference will be also examined from the standpoint of our experience during the past five years with a view to introduce changes and improvements where necessary for the more effective fulfilment of its main functions.

INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE.

In the department of Industries and Commerce about 24 installations of machinery and plant in different parts of the State were completed and 26 new ones are under erection. This brings the total number of installations completed to 76 and including those under erection to 102. A sandalwood oil factory has been started which is expected to give an appreciable revenue to Government. It is reported that the experimental factory already set up will be capable from next month of turning out oil valued at about Rs. 25,000 per month. Plant for a soap factory has been ordered. At present very good soap is being prepared in the Indian Institute of Science. Its manufacture on a commercial scale will become possible as soon as the machinery ordered is received and erected. Enquiries were in progress in connection with another cotton mill in Mysore and investigations for starting iron and steel manufacture are making hopeful progress. The industries and commerce committee with the help of the department has been considering a variety of other subjects such as paper-pulp manufacture, wood distillation, button manufacture etc. A Home Industries' Institute proposed by the committee has been sanctioned tentatively for one year. It is proposed to develop industrial and commercial museums in different parts of the State and arrangements are being made to start the nucleus of one such in connection with the *dasara* exhibition.

Commercial matters have not progressed very far but, as you are aware a chamber of commerce has been recently started which will work independently of the Conference. The bank of Mysore has increased its transactions from Rs. 40 lakhs to Rs. 53 lakhs during the year. The question of developing land and industrial banks has been receiving attention. Steps are being taken to encourage merchants to travel abroad. In addition to the compilation of statistics of rail-borne trade by the department, preparations are being made to collect more complete industrial and commercial statistics in future for the whole State.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.

The Agricultural committee has given special attention to the development of sericulture. The services of Signor W. Mari who carried on preliminary investigations in 1914 have been re-engaged. The construction of a rearing school has been sanctioned at Channapatna where a Central Farm, which is the gift of a local merchant, will be developed to supply disease-free eggs on a large scale. The questions of fruit culture, extension of cultivation of commercial crops, improvement of agricultural stock and sheep rearing and revision of forms for agricultural statistics have received some attention. Through the exertions of the Tumkur District Committee an agricultural school has been started at Chickanahalli in the Sira taluk due mainly to the munificence of a private gentleman of the cultivator's class, who bequeathed a building with a small farm attached and a substantial sum in cash for charitable purposes. The Director of Agriculture and his assistants attended a large number of meetings of representative men and cultivators in the taluks and addressed them on agricultural matters. There has been a considerable extension of demonstration work. School courses were held for cultivators in Hebbal and Marthur. Oil-cake manure and agricultural implements were supplied on a large scale. The department also carried on the usual scientific work.

EDUCATION.

Coming to education you are aware that preparations are well in hand for the inauguration of the new University of Mysore from 1st July next. The Education Committee has further developed the public libraries in Bangalore and Mysore and at their instance, the Government have sanctioned a scheme for rural libaries.

Arrangements have been made at the Maharani's College to give industrial training to girls and women. The formation of Students' Associations in large towns and cities has been taken up. Some of the other important schemes considered by the Committee were, opening special classes for training adults, improvements in normal training school excursions, visual instruction, publication of books in Kanarese, etc. The Committee also prepared a comprehensive scheme for the collection and compilation of educational statistics which has met with the approval of the Government. The question of the education of the backward communities received some attention. The itinerant lecturers appointed at the instance of the Committee are reported to be doing useful work in spreading sound ideas and enthusiasm among the people. The Department started 776 aided village elementary schools and 130 Government elementary schools during the year. One hundred and five adult schools and 418 village indigenous day and night schools have been started. English education is being encouraged in rural tracts. Compulsory education is making satisfactory progress wherever it has been extended so far. Industrial education is receiving attention both in the primary and secondary stages. A scheme for rural agricultural education has been recently sanctioned.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

Ten co-operative societies for crushing sugarcane manufacturing jaggery and hulling paddy have been started and they have been financed by the Government to the extent of Rs. 45,000. Agricultural co-operation is also being slowly developed and the co-operative credit societies have been instrumental in the extension of the use of improved implements, oil cake manure and seeds among raiyats. The present disastrous war has interfered to some extent with our progress. Some of the projects which we may start at once are delayed for want of machinery. It is found difficult to procure the commonest machinery needed for the daily work of the country.

In conclusion the President said :—

We begin to do things imperfectly at first and then by experience learn to improve till the necessary level of efficiency is reached. There is no royal road to economic improvement. So long as our ideals are drawn from the experience of progressive countries and our operations are based on a correct appreciation of local conditions, so long as we are willing to learn and our methods are honest, the activities of this Conference cannot fail to make additions from year to year to the resources, efficiency and permanent well-being of the people of Mysore.

DEBATE ON EDUCATION.

After the Dewan's speech followed a discussion on subjects connected with education. A proposition to the effect that a scheme for compulsory education be brought into force at all the taluk headquarters and villages with population of 2,000 and more was moved Mr. Mathew, Deputy Commissioner. The Inspector-General of Education explained the policy of his department and said he had already made suggestions to the Government to extend the principle of compulsory education to 41 more places at a cost of Rs. 40,000.

Another resolution suggesting that elementary education be made free and compulsory both for boys and girls in the State was moved and after discussion the Government promised consideration. An interesting resolution, which created some lively discussion referred to obtaining funds for the expansion of primary education, either by leavying an educational cessor by charging fees in the primary classes with a liberal provision for free studentships and scholarships. The mover said that if education was to be made free and compulsory, money would be required for the purpose and majority of the people were keenly desirous that a cess should be levied. At least those who could afford to pay the school fees ought to be made to pay. The Inspector-General of Education suggested setting apart of some land in each village for educational purposes. Justice Humza Husein pointed out that it would be inconsistent to make education compulsory and at the same time levy a cess. Another objection was that the reviving of fees would give a set back to the spread of primary education. The resolution was after further discussion noted for consideration. Some other resolutions on secondary education were discussed before the Conference adjourned till noon to-morrow.

PROMOTION OF TEA INDUSTRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MYSORE, June 10.

The proceedings of to-day's sitting of the Economic Conference were confined to a discussion of matters relating to agricultural improvement. The conference among others passed a resolution urging the pioneering of the tea industry in the State by the granting of loans to intending tea planters, and by establishing a tea factory for helping them.

Dr. Leslie Coleman suggested the employment of an expert for a period of two or three years to teach the people the planting and manufacturing of tea.

Horlick's Malted Milk

"A NIGHTCAP."

—Horlick's is a splendid nightcap. Taken before bedtime it ensures healthy, refreshing sleep, while imparting nutriment to the entire system without taxing the digestion. It is ideal for a hot climate because it will keep indefinitely and requires no cooking.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores in 3 compact sizes.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 11th of Jeth Sud, 1972.
Mahomedan: 10th of Shuban, 1334.
Parsi: 5th of Deh 1285.
Phase of the Moon: First Quarter, 9th June.
Sunrise, 6 h. 1 m.; Sunset, 7 h. 16 m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Mails consisting of unregistered correspondence for Singapore, and Japan per steamer Indo-Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-day instead of on Saturday as previously notified.

High Court re-opens.

Mails for Laurenzo, Marquis and South Africa per extra steamer Surat, via Dhanuskhkodi and Colombo will be closed at th General Post Office at 7.30 p.m.

TUESDAY, June 13.

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per steamer Arratoon Apcar will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon to-day instead of on Monday as previously notified correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

WEDNESDAY, June 14.

B. A. Examination Results, 12-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 15.

Bombay Municipal Corporation Meeting, 3-40 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, Varieties and Cinema at 6-30 and 9.45 p.m.

Royal Opera House, Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10 p.m.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 6.30, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATHS.

COOPER.—Dosabhai Naoroji Ichhaporia, Marine Lines, 3rd Street, age 73, June 8.
CONTRACTOR.—Rupanbai, wife of Dhanjibhai Framji, Gowalia Tank, age 23, June 8.
PONCHA.—Rustamji Dadabhai, age 60, Vohra Bazar, June 10.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders By Lieutenant R. A. Spence, Offg. Commandant.

June, 12.

Riding School.—School daily at 7 a.m., (weather permitting).

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade on Wednesday morning next, the 14th instant. Rendezvous Church Gate Station 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Khaki shirts, No Bandoliers, Regimental saddles.

Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class under Major Wallis (1. A.) will be held on the following dates of the ensuing week:—

Fort Contingent.—Rendezvous Volunteer Club, Marine Lines.

Morning, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7 a.m.

Evening, Thursday the 15th instant at 6-15 p.m.

Pali Hill Contingent.—Rendezvous Mr. Annesley's Bungalow Sunday 11th instant at 7 a.m.

(Sd.) F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd-Lieut.
Acting Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by Major R. W. R. Penning, V.D., Commanding.

June, 12.

No. 188. Duties.—Duties for the week commencing Monday 12th instant:—

Orderly Officer for the ensuing week 2nd-Lieutenant W. N. Cartland.

Orderly Officer next for duty 2nd-Lieutenant H. C. Weber.

Orderly Sergeant No. 1 Company Sergeant C. B. Banks.

Orderly Sergeant No. 1 Company Sergeant W. E. Stubbs.

No. 164. Recruits.—Several vacancies exist in the Corps for recruits; any wishing to join, can see the conditions by applying to the Corps Sergeant Major at the Headquarters, Bazaar Gate Street, Fort.

Recruits' instructional parades will probably commence this month.

P. W. RETALLACK.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Col. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

June, 12.

181. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by "C" Coy. during week ending 17th June. Next for Duty "D" Coy.

182. The Battalion Orderly Sergeant on duty on Monday evenings will *attend* at the Volunteer Club whilst the Musketry course is in progress.

183. Range.—The Ghat Kopar and Miniature Ranges will be closed until further notice.

184. Recruits.—There are now vacancies in the Corps for suitable men: Intending recruits should apply to the Officer Commanding the Company they wish to join, as recruits drills will commence shortly.

185. Musketry Course.—A short refresher course of musketry for Officers and Sergeants will be held at the Volunteer Club at 6-30 p.m. on Mondays, commencing to-day Monday 12th June. All Officers and Sergeants are particularly requested to attend.

186. Transfers.—The following transfers will take effect from the 30th May 1916:—

No. 8457 Vol. F. H. Johnston, from "G" to "J" (Scots) Coy.

No. 6410 Res. D. J. MacGillwray, from "G" Coy. Reserve to "J" (Scots Coy.).

187. Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "B" Coy.:—

No. 8866 Vol. C. J. Hardyman.

188. Medals.—Tennant Memorial Drill Medals will be issued to their owners on application to the Adjutant at Head Quarters on Tuesday evenings.

189. Pay.—Men in Bombay, who have not drawn the pay due to them for Actual Military Service, will be paid out at Head Quarters at 6-30 p.m., on Tuesdays only. Men out of Bombay must send their present addresses to the Adjutant in order that their pay may be remitted to them.

190. Meeting.—There will be a Sergeants Mess Meeting at the Volunteer Club, Marine Lines at 6-30 p.m., on Wednesday the 14th instant.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps orders by Lieut.-Colonel G. K. Walker C.I.E., Commanding, Poona Volunteer Rifles.

June, 10.

495. Signallers.—Signallers will parade at Head Quarters on Fridays at 5-30 p.m., until further notice.

496. Range.—The Musketry range at Poona will be open for practice and Class firing at 7-30 a.m., on Saturdays, Sundays, and Mondays until further orders, commencing from Saturday 17th instant. Members wishing to fire should submit their names to Head Quarter office two days beforehand.

497. Clothing.—Field Service caps have now been received and may be obtained from the Stores on payment of Rs. 1-4 each.

498. Buglers.—There will be bugle practice at Head Quarters on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5-30 p.m., until further orders.

There are still a few vacancies for buglers. Members wishing to join should send in their names to the Adjutant at once.

499. Drill and Instruction.—Officers, N. C. O's and Volunteers who are desirous of undergoing a course of instruction in Physical training should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

500. Meeting.—A meeting of the members of the Corps will be held at Head Quarters Poona on Friday the 16th instant at 6-30 p.m. Subjects for discussion:—

1. The formation of a Miniature Rifle Club.
2. The formation of a Sub Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association for the Corps.

501. Promotions.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions in "G" Company:—

No. 4222 Vol. H. S. Sullivan to be Sergeant.
No. 3927 Vol. C. C. Hurst to be Corporal.
No. 4339 Vol. A. G. Mungavin to be Lce.-Corporal.

502. Parades.—"B" Company at Head Quarters on Wednesday 14th instant at 7-30 p.m. Dress, Uniform.

Recruits at Head Quarters on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5-30 p.m. until further notice.

"G" Coy. (Sholapur) on Wednesday 14th instant at 6-30 a.m.

(Sd.) A. R. Kearsey 2nd-Lieut.,
Adjutant, Poona Vol. Rifles.

Corps Orders by Lieutenant-Colonel G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Volunteer Rifles.

POONA, June 12.

503. Signallers.—Signallers will parade at Headquarters on Fridays at 5-30 p.m. until further notice.

504. Range.—The musketry range at Poona will be open for practice and Class firing at 7-30 a.m. on Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays until further orders, commencing from Saturday, 17th instant. Members wishing to fire should submit their names to Headquarters office two days beforehand.

505. Clothing.—Field Service Caps have now been received and may be obtained from the Stores on payment of Rs. 1-4 each.

506. Buglers.—There will be bugle practice at Headquarters on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 5-30 p.m. until further orders.

There are still a few vacancies for buglers. Members wishing to join should send in their names to the Adjutant at once.

507. Drill and Instruction.—Officers, N. C. O's and Volunteers who are desirous of undergoing a course of instruction in Physical training should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

508. Meeting.—A meeting of the members of the Corps will be held at Headquarters, Poona on Friday 16th instant at 6-30 p.m. Subjects for discussion.

1. The formation of a Miniature Rifle Club.

2. The formation of a Sub-centre of the St. John Ambulance Association for the Corps.

509. Parades.—B Coy at Headquarters on Wednesday 14th instant at 7-30 a.m. Dress uniform.

Recruits at Headquarters on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 5.30 p.m. until further notice.

G Coy. (Sholapur) on Wednesday 14th instant at 6-30 a.m.

510. Active Service.—Volunteers are required to proceed on Service as reinforcements to Volunteer Maxim Gun Coy, those desirous of joining for this purpose should submit their names to the Adjutant at once.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, 2nd Lieut.,
Adjutant, P. V. R.

DANGEROUS MISTAKE IN TAKING MEDICINE.

Mr. Fredrick Stephen Fairfield, aged 25 years, residing at Chhotani Mansion, Bombay, was admitted into the St. George's Hospital on Friday. It appears that Mr. Fairfield woke up at 4 a.m. with severe pains in the stomach, and went to the medicine shelf and took a dose of what he thought to be cholera mixture but which eventually turned out to be tincture of opium. He then returned to bed. At 7-30 a.m. his mother aroused him, and finding him very ill, questioned him. She went to the medicine shelf and discovered the mistake. He was then removed to the hospital, where he is progressing favourably.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

One attack and three deaths from plague, two attacks and three deaths from small-pox and one attack and one death from cholera, occurred in the city on Friday. Sion reported an attack and a death from plague and Maratha Hospital and Fort (North) a death each. The total mortality from all causes was 77, as compared with 65 of the corresponding day of 1915 and 82 of 1914. The total number of rats caught was 2,015 out of which 24 were found to be plague-stricken.

MUNICIPAL SWEEPER ELECTROCUTED

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest, on Saturday, touching the death of Bhagia Pandu, a Municipal sweeper, aged about 45 years. It appeared from the evidence that on Friday the deceased went to clean a sweepers' passage in Samuel Street. After doing the work, he was coming out, when he happened to put his hand on a wire, which was connected with the electric installation in the house of Hemraj Jivraj, a merchant. The wire was live through some defect and the deceased received a shock and cried for assistance. Another sweeper, Babaji Rama, ran to his assistance, caught hold of him, and pulled him away from the wire. In doing so, Babaji also received a shock. The deceased died immediately after. After the body had been identified, further enquiry was adjourned.

CRUELTY TO BULLOCKS.

Before the Fort Bench of Honorary Magistrates, consisting of Mr. C. B. Robinson (Chairman), and Mr. R. Kennedy, Sergeant Smythe charged twenty-five bullock-cart drivers and owners with employing unfit animals and permitting them to be employed respectively. The animals were lean animals, many of them having sore necks. The accused were arrested in the Prince's and Victoria Docks. One of the owners was fined Rs. 30. The drivers were sentenced to fines ranging from Rs. 3 to Rs 6. Over thirty bullocks were ordered to be sent to the Lady Sakerbai Veterinary Hospital.

CURRIMBHOY MILLS CO., LTD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Currimbhoy Mills Co., Ltd., was held on Friday afternoon when the resolutions passed at a previous meeting on the 18th May to the effect that the remuneration of Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents shall be 10 per cent. of the annual profits of the company, after deducting working expenses and interest, with a guaranteed minimum of Rs. 40,000 per annum, were confirmed.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT AND "NEW INDIA."

NO PREVIOUS WARNINGS.

"MADRAS MAIL'S" ASSERTIONS DISPOSED OF.

In reply to the statement of the "Madras Mail" that "New India" had received three warnings prior to the action of the authorities under the Press Act and that the Magistrate would have shown Mrs. Besant the passages in "New India" on which he was taking action had she asked to see them, Mrs. Besant publishes the following in Friday's "New India" which completely disposes of the "Madras Mail's" assertions:—

We all know the many privileges bestowed upon the "Madras Mail" by the Local Government in the way of early news and other advantages, but it appears now to be made definitely the official organ, by which the Government defends itself from censure. It has "made enquiries" and has ascertained details withheld from myself, and informs me that Mr. Pelly would have allowed me to see the Government Solicitor's papers, if I had asked for information. I pointed out in my letter to the Magistrate that he had not thought it right to indicate to me the nature of my offence: I could not go behind the magistrate's order to obtain papers of the existence of which I was ignorant. I understood Mr. Pelly to say that he had no power to give me information, and I acquiesced. The "Mail" printed my letter, so the editor knows that I pointed out my ignorance to the Magistrate; it is quite worthy of the present editor, knowing this, to say that I refrained "from asking for them, because she wanted a stick with which to beat the Government." I have, however, taken advantage of the information given to the "Mail," and have sent the following letter to the Magistrate:

To
THE ACTING CHIEF PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE,
FROM Egmore.
MRS. ANNIE BESANT,
Keeper of the "New India" Press.

SIR,

I learn from the "Madras Mail," apparently speaking as the organ of the Local Government, that the Government Solicitor informed you of the reasons which made it undesirable to continue to dispense with security in my case; it further says that if I had asked for information you would have given it.

I find it difficult to believe this, as in my letter depositing security, I noted that you had "not thought it right to indicate to what you or the Local Government object in the conduct of "New India," etc. I understood you to say in answer to this that you had no power, and I acquiesced. If, however, as the "Madras Mail says, you are willing to let me know the nature of my supposed offence, may I ask you to be good enough to let me inspect the papers and arguments put in by the Government Solicitor in my case.

I remain,
Your obedient servant,
ANNIE BESANT.

This letter was delivered by hand about 11 a.m., and my messenger was told there was "no reply."

As to the "warnings," the Mail" is extraordinary. It says that I have repeatedly complained of the absence of warning, and have "qualified this" by admitting one. My first letter to Mr. Pelly definitely stated that a warning, as to a letter on the domestic virtues and vices of Madras servants, had been received by me. The bringing of such a letter under the Press Act was obviously absurd, as the Press Act was not intended to touch such trifles. What were the other two, asserted to have been sent by the "Madras Mail," of which the Governor's Private Secretary's letter was the last? As the "Mail" must have obtained the information directly from Government House, I challenge it to publish the "warnings."

I did receive a private and friendly letter from H. E. the Governor's Private Secretary on an article published on June 26, 1915, defending Sir Pherozeshah Mehta against the gross insult levelled at that highly respected Indian by Mr. Justice Macleod. The Secretary's letter was in no sense a warning; it was thoroughly kindly and in no way official, and I answered it in the same spirit; my answer would have been very different had I dreamed that the informal note was designed as a step towards putting the Press Act in force. To call such letter a "warning" is an abuse of language. When a Governor is administering a tyrannical law, he should not order his Private Secretary to write as to a personal friend, and then have the letter filed as a step towards enforcing security. This amiable letter, I am told, was the third warning, and that dates back to June, 1915. What was the second? I have not among all the notes received—chiefly on matters connected with the War—any one, that by the utmost stretch of imagination can be called a "warning." I challenge the "Mail" to print its secret information. I have some letters thanking me for services rendered, but I presume that these are not warnings.

Even according to the "Mail," nothing was written since June, 1915, which demanded any "warning." And if the article of June 26, 1915, is considered as improper, I am ready to defend it. I can understand that the Government should feel disturbed by the tumult it has raised all over the country, but it will not improve its case by inspiring such notes as those printed by the "Madras Mail."

As for the "Madras Mail," we all know it, and its unscrupulous methods in political controversy. Its becoming the official organ—for it must have obtained the news of the Governor's letter to me directly from those concerned—is, however, a serious matter, in view of its scandalous article on Indian disloyalty, left unrebuked by the Government. I must ask my friends not to put credence in any statement about me published by the "Mail." It is only done just now in the hope of weakening Monday's protest meeting.

Just as we go to press we receive the following, which is the answer we expected, as Mr. Pelly would have obviously offered me the papers on my statement, had he been authorised to do so.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE'S COURT.
Egmore, Madras, 9th June, 1916.

FROM
C. B. N. PELLY ESQUIRE, B.A.,
Ag. Chief Presidency Magistrate.
Madras.

To
MRS. ANNIE BESANT.
Adyar.

MADAM,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this date, and to state that I am in no way responsible for the statements in the "Madras Mail" to which you refer, and much regret I cannot see my way to allow you to inspect the papers as you desire

I have the honour to be,
Madam,
Your most obedient servant.
C. B. N. PELLY,
Ag. Chief Presidency Magistrate.

REPRESENTATION BY SOUTHERN INDIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 10

The Southern India Chamber of Commerce has resolved to communicate the following to Government:—The Chamber has learnt with deep regret that the keeper of "New India" Press has been called upon to furnish security of Rs. 2,000 under the Press Act of 1910 and it takes this opportunity to impress on Government the desirability for repealing the Act or suitably amending it, in view of the alarm which its application is causing in the minds of the public and the Indian press in particular, so as to imperil the trust and confidence which the people have reposed in the attitude of opinion on all affairs of public importance.

LIBERTY OF THE PRESS.

PRESS ASSOCIATION'S PROTEST.

A meeting of the Council of the Press Association of India was held in Bombay on Saturday evening. Mr. B. G. Horniman was elected President of the Association. Mr. Jamnadas Dharamsey was elected a member of the Council for Bombay centre. The following Resolutions were carried. Telegrams and letters of approval were received from members of the Council from all parts of India:—

I. "That the Council of the Press Association of India view with growing apprehension and resentment the manner in which the arbitrary provisions of the Press Act are exercised by the executive authorities against the proprietors of newspapers in this country, by which the latter are heavily penalised and often entirely suppressed, on the mere fiat of the Magistrate, without having the opportunity to defend themselves in a court of law and without even being allowed to know the nature or the details of the offence alleged to have been committed. The Council wish, especially, to enter their strong protest against the action recently taken by the Madras authorities against the proprietor and editor of "New India" which, in the absence of any explanation of such action on the part of the authorities, is regarded by the public as having been taken with the object of suppressing a political agitation which has hitherto been conducted on perfectly constitutional lines and which is perfectly legitimate in its objects. Such action is regarded by the Council of the Association as an inexcusable interference with the liberty of the Press in this country and is calculated, in their view, to lead to results of a most grave character in its effects on the minds of the public. The Council trust that the Government of India will lose no time in taking steps to have the order of the magistrate for the deposit of security in this case rescinded and will address the various local Governments, enjoining upon them the necessity for the exercise of caution and meticulous fairness in putting into operation the provisions of so abitrary a measure, so long as it remains on the statute book; and laying down such lines of conduct in this respect for the guidance of the local authorities, as will ensure the administration of the Act in the true spirit of the assurances given by the Government of India when the measure was accepted by the representatives of the public in the Imperial Council.

II. "That this Council considers that the time has come for the repeal or drastic amendment of the Press Act of 1910, in the interest of free and legitimate public discussion and expression of public opinion, and that a deputation from the Association be appointed to seek an interview with his Excellency the Viceroy in order to press upon his Excellency such action.

III. That a deputation constituting the following be appointed to seek an interview with his Excellency the Viceroy in accordance with the above Resolution with power to add to their numbers:

The President.
The Hon. Mr. Madan Mohan Malaviya, Allahabad.
Mr. S. Kasturiranga Aiyanger of the "Hindu," Madras.
The Hon. Mr. C. Y. Chintamani of the "Leader," Allahabad.
Mr. Malik Barkatali, Editor, "Observer," Lahore.
Mr. Motilal Ghose, Editor, "Amrita Bazar Patrika," Calcutta.

(Continued in Column 5.)

IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

ELECTION OF NON OFFICIALS.

The following electorates have been called upon to elect the Additional Member or Members to the Imperial Legislative Council respectively assigned to them:—

(1) The non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George	2
(2) The non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Bombay	2
(3) The non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal	2
(4) The non-official Members of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma	1
(5) The non-official Additional Members of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa	1
(6) The non-official Members of the Council of the Chief Commissioner of Assam	1
(7) The landholders in the Presidency of Fort St. George	1
(8) The Jagirdas and Zamindars of Sind in the Presidency of Bombay	1
(9) The landholders in the Presidency of Bengal	1
(10) The landholders in Bihar and Orissa	1
(11) The landholders in the Central Provinces	1
(12) The Mahomedan community in the Presidency of Fort St. George	1
(13) The Mahomedan community in the Presidency of Bombay	1
(14) The Mahomedan community in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions of the Presidency of Bengal	1
(15) The Mahomedan community in the Rajshahi, Dacca and Chittagong Divisions of the Presidency of Bengal	1
(16) The Mahomedan community in Bihar and Orissa	1
(17) The Bengal Chamber of Commerce	1
(18) The Bombay Chamber of Commerce	1

BOMBAY WOMEN'S BRANCH OF THE WAR AND RELIEF FUND.

NEWSPAPERS FOR THE TROOPS.

Owing to the weather exodus there has been a great failing off of the supply of newspapers for the troops. The same are still in very great request and the public is again invited to send weekly files of newspapers (Thursday to Wednesday inclusive) for transmission to Mesopotamia. The following are most asked for:—

"Times of India."
"Times of India" ((Weekly Illustrated).
"Advocate of India."
"Bombay Chronicle."
"Pioneer."
"Statesman."
"Madras Mail."
"English Mail."
Illustrated papers and magazines.

A large box, painted red, will be found in the entrance to the Women's Branch where the newspapers can be placed.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 9.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The following gentlemen are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers:—(Infantry Branch) to be Second Lieutenants, F. R. C. Annely and G. W. Lewis.

Majors W. E. Bainbridge, 54th Sikhs, and A. E. Sealy, 1-4 Gurkhas, promoted Lieut.-Colonels.

Lt.-Col. S. H. Godfrey retires from the Indian Army.

The services of 2nd-Lieut. F. W. Hanniker-Banness, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, are dispensed with.

Capt. G. D. Ogilvie, Political Department, is transferred to the supernumerary list

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Dr. F. H. Cavendish, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Port Blair, becomes Asst. Commissioner in the Settlement.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. R. H. Lynch Blosse is posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Resident, Hyderabad.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. D. B. Meek, Professor Dacca College, is placed on special duty in the Meteriological Department.

Mr. T. D. Wood becomes a Member of the Assam Labour Board as representative of the Indian Tea Association vice Mr. A. D. Pickford resigned.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr. D. G. Dani, Executive Engineer, are lent to the Mysore Durbar.

(Continued from Column 4.)

Mrs. Annie Besant, Editor, "New India," Madras.

Hon. Mr. Surendranath Banerjea, Editor, "Bengali," Calcutta.

The Editor "Hablul Matin," Calcutta.

Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha, Rankipore.

Mr. N. C. Kelker, "Kesari" and "Maratha," Poona.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, "Young India," Bombay.

Mr. Ramanandra Chatterji, "Modern Review," Calcutta.

Mr. Manilal Ichharam Desai, "Gujrati," Bombay.

Mr. N. A. Dravid, "Hitavada," Nagpur.

Mr. G. A. Natesan, "Indian Review," Madras.

Mr. S. A. Raja.

It was further decided to hold a public meeting in Bombay under the auspices of the Association to protest against the administration of the Press Act and the action of the Madras authorities in regard to "New India" in particular and to call for its repeal. This meeting will be held in the Empire Theatre next Saturday evening. Particulars will be announced in due course.

THE PHEROZESHAH MEHTA MEMORIAL FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—The feeble response made by the public to the appeal for subscriptions to the Mehta Memorial Fund seems to have attracted some attention, and letters have recently appeared in your columns deploring the general apathy and suggesting that the Committee is responsible for it. As one of the honorary secretaries of the Fund, I feel bound to refute this allegation of lack of energy or enthusiasm on the part of those charged with the duty of raising a suitable memorial. It is not a fact, as suggested, that the efforts of the secretaries have been confined to giving advertisements in the local press. The public, of course, cannot be expected to know what endeavours have been made to collect subscriptions, endeavours which have consisted not merely in issuing printed appeals, but which have been made in many instances by letters and personal interviews. If an adequate response has not been forthcoming, it certainly is no fault of the secretaries. If the truth has to be told it is nothing but a case of deplorable indifference on the part of the public, and rank ingratitude on the part of those who were reckoned among the friends of the late Sir Pherozeshah. Neither the people at large, whom he served with so much ability and devotion for more than forty years, nor the wide circle of those who gathered round him, and many of whom he advanced in life in a variety of ways, have thought it proper to mark their sense of gratitude or personal attachment by subscribing handsomely to the fund raised to perpetuate the memory of their illustrious leader. Exceptions, of course, there have been, and some allowance must be made for the exceptional times through which we are passing. But considering the personality of the greatest Indian of his time, and the fact that Bombay continues to subscribe liberally to various funds, not all of which are connected with the war, public recognition of the services of a man who, at great personal sacrifice, did so much to serve the best interests of the country and to direct the currents of the national life, has been most meagre and disappointing. It is a melancholy spectacle, and one that is in many ways disheartening, though it is not a new thing to find that the patriotic fervour of many people stops short at a certain point.

I do not wish to follow up what your correspondents have suggested about the apathy of particular communities, or the indifference of places and political centres other than Bombay. It is not a pleasant thing to contemplate, particularly when it is a question of honouring the memory of a man, who served the country no less than the city of his birth, and who always prided himself on being an Indian first and a Parsi afterwards.—Yours, etc.

H. P. MODY.

Cumballa Hill, June 10th, 1916.

INDIA CONSOLIDATION ACT.

A RANGOON PROTEST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, June 10.

A copy of a resolution has been forwarded to the authority in charge of India Consolidation Act, 1915, and to the Secretary of State for India by the Rangoon Ratepayers' Association, pointing out that in the opinion of the committee clause (d) to section 84 of the Bill to supplement the India Consolidation Act, is a retrograde movement infringing the cherished gifts of his Majesty's Indian subjects created by Statute and enjoyed by them over half a century and that there are no valid reasons for introducing such a change and that a highly controversial matter of this nature should not have been dealt with at the present time.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, June 12, 1916.

GERMANY'S BRUTALITY TO POLAND.

A correspondent sent to "The Times" of Friday week some account, derived mostly from official fiugres, of the German exactions in Russian Poland. There have been both illegal and quasi-legal exactions. From Lodz £3,300,000 worth of machinery and raw materials has been taken away, and from Czestochowa £1,800,000 worth. In November, 1914, the Russians, owing to the general distress, suspended several taxes but the Germans have reimposed them, and have actually increased many of them. Numerous new taxes have also been introduced. Warsaw and Lodz are now probably the poorest industrial cities in Europe. The starving people have to raise onerous loans through the German banks in order to keep themselves alive while paying the contributions and taxes. The sale of vodka, prohibited by the Russians, is again permitted, and from this the Germans draw a monthly revenue of about £700,000. Altogether, the Germans are drawing from the ravaged part of Russian Poland which they occupy approximately the same income as the Russians drew in peace from the whole country.—"The Spectator", May 20th.

A telegram on Friday stated that Germany had rejected the conditions of the United States Government for the relief of the starving population in Poland. The present war has been unprecedented in many ways and one of these is the anomaly that it has presented of a belligerent turning to a neutral for food supplies for the starving people whose country he has devastated and for whose maintenance he is morally responsible. The agony of Belgium has already familiarised this anomaly to us. The sufferings of the ill-fated Poles whose country is conquered by the Prussians are no less crying. As recent telegrams stated, the United States Government secured the consent of the Allies to a plan for revictualling that unhappy country. And the Foreign Office statement on the subject held out some hope of an escape from the inevitable and unfortunate impasse reached under circumstances which were clearly described in the correspondence published in February between Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey on the one hand and representatives of the Rockefeller foundation on the other.

The problem then was simple and yet, to all appearances, insoluble. That Poland was starving was proved by evidence that was as convincing as it was tragic. America offerred to organise a scheme of relief on the same lines as that tried in Belgium. But the British Government were compelled to point out that for every ton of food sent into Poland another ton would be transported into Germany to relieve the stress occasioned by the British blockade. This attitude was and is justified. But it is, nevertheless, profoundly satisfactory that the British Government, in concert with the Russian Government ultimately resolved that the sufferings of the unfortunate Poles must be relieved even at the cost, if need be, of some direct military advantage. The proposal of America was to revictual with cereals, fats and condensed milk the six great cities, in which over a third of the fifteen million Poles in the area occupied by the Prussian army are concentrated. The conditions were that Germany should add a ration of potatoes, salt, sugar and tea, and undertake to provide for the whole of the rural population. Further important conditions prompted by the experience gained in Belgium were framed to ensure the stoppage of all exportations of food stuffs from Poland by Germany and to prevent the imported supplies causing any surplus which could be used for the support of the occupying forces. How imperative it was that some such arrangement should be arrived at will be apparent from a few facts. It was for instance estimated by a recent observer of conditions in Poland that the Germans have adopted cruelly harsh customs and taxes to squeeze out of the part in their possession as much revenue as the Russians used to derive from the entire country. In the chief urban districts they have established a monopoly in grain and flour, and the Food Branch of the Citizens' Committee in Warsaw alone had paid up to January 1, 1916 £36,300 in import duties on salt, pepper, herrings, tea and similar commodities. The starvation of Poland, again, has had another effect, whether designed or not. It is that able-bodied Poles are exposed to an almost irresistible temptation to migrate to German munition factories, where their earnings not only enable them to live in comparative comfort themselves, but also to send home remittances which go some way at least in relieving the intolerable sufferings of their families.

The decision arrived at by the British and Russian Governments was thus, in view of the facts mentioned, no less politic than humane. For the rest, the American Commissioners, who offered to extend to Poland the relief organised by them so generously in Belgium, might well have been expected to see that the scheme did not materially benefit Germany. The statement made by Mr. Asquith some days ago that, thanks to their labours in France and Belgium, the Government were now convinced that none of the food imported reached the enemy, confirmd this expectation. It is now stated that Germany has rejected the humane offer of the United States Government. And the ground of refusal is characteristically Hunnish. That a conquering army must live on the conquered country in a legitimate manner is a recognised principle of warfare. But the German idea of military necessity means the negation of all laws of humanity for, as the rejection of the American proposals implies, it is not merely callously indifferent to the starvation of the conquered people but deliberately sanctions it. So that the hope engendered by the Allies' approval of the scheme of the United States Government, that some alleviation of the misery of Poland was in sight, is now finally shattered.

"NEW INDIA" AND THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

The "Madras Mail" seems to have put its foot into it badly in its anxiety to justify the conduct of the Madras authorities in regard to the demand for security from "New India." It stated that, if Mrs. Besant was really ignorant of the grounds for the Magistrate's order, it was open to her to have asked him for information on the point, and that, had she done so, "Mr. Pelly would no doubt have allowed her to inspect the papers filed before him." Mrs. Besant settled that point by immediately applying to the magistrate for inspection and, meeting with a blunt refusal. This in itself disposed of the uncharitable and mean suggestion made by the "Mail" that Mrs. Besant had deliberately refrained from asking for the information "because she wanted a stick to beat the Government with"; though that such was not the case was already known to the "Madras Mail," seeming that Mrs. Besant gave the magistrate the opportunity, when she appeared before him to inform her as to the grounds for his action. It should be pointed out, however, that, in any event, under the Act the magistrate is not called upon to disclose the ground for his action, and if he does so,—and some magistrates in the districts rather enjoy having the editor up before them like a naughty schoolboy and pointing out his delinquencies before applying the rod,—it is merely a matter of grace. The victim has no means of contesting the view of the magistrate, however absurd and exaggerated it may be.

Then the "Madras Mail" accused Mrs. Besant of deliberate misrepresentation in having said that she received no warning from the Government. It appears that Mrs. Besant's original statement was accurate. More than two years ago she received a remonstrance from Government regarding the publication of a letter from an European on the subject of Indian servants,—a letter of a kind that has appeared over and over again in such papers as "The Englishman" without protest from Government. There is and could be no suggestion that that was a warning in any way connected with the present action. As for the alleged "warning" from the Governor himself, it appears that a year ago Lord Pentland wrote, through his Private Secretary a kindly and friiendly letter, in no sense a warning, on the subject of an article which appeared in "New India" defending Sir Pherozeshah Mehta against unwarranted aspersions cast upon him by a judge of the Bombay High Court,—an article by the way that was much appreciated in Bombay,—and that she answered it in the same spirit. To suggest that this was a warning in the sense intended by the Government of India orders regarding the administration of the Act is absurd. To use such a letter at all in such a way would be an abuse of confidence. It is clear that the "Madras Mail" has been very grossly misled. But by whom? Evidently by somebody in an official quarter. We have the more reason for suggesting this, because on Thursday night a mysterious thing happened. A telegram was received in this office through the Asscciated Press from Ootacamund stating that "it is understood" that Mrs. Besant had received three warnings, the last of which was from Lord Pentland, himself, in a letter from his Private Secretary. This was followed almost immediately by another telegram cancelling the first one. Evidently the "Madras Mail" was similarly inspired from the Olympian heights but the second thoughts were too late to save it from making itself ridiculous. It would be interesting to know whether the "Madras Mail" was similarly inspired in its grotesque analogy between the action against "New India," and what recently happened in Ireland. It exposes a most wicked and perverse state of mind. Mr. Birrell's fault did not lay in failing to suppress newspapers; that he had done by the score and no doubt in so doing helped to produce the state of mind which led to the abortive attempt of the Sinn Feiners. Mr. Birrell blundered in not taking action when it became clear that rebellious acts were imminent and the identity of the intending perpetrators was known. To pretend that the state of affairs in Madras is any way analogous, or requires analogous action, to that of Ireland, is really a monstrous perversion.

What are the actual facts? "New India" represents an extreme policy,—the demand for Home Rule for India. There is nothing improper in that, whether we agree with it or not. It is not seditious. It is no more seditious or wrong or less permissible than the resolutions recently passed by the National Congress, which constitute a substantial step towards Home Rule. And, as far as anyone is aware, the discussion of the demand in "New India" has not transcended the limits of legitimate and permissible argument or agitation. If the Government think that it has, and have grounds to justify their contention, let them come out into the open and tell us what they are. It is a pity that the Government of Madras does not realise in what an invidious position it has placed itself. It attacks under a most arbitrary law a journal which represents a vast mass of opinion, not only in its own Presidency but throughout India, without condescending to give its reasons. And the natural result is,—the result that it should have foreseen,—an almost unanimous protest from every part of the country, from almost every Indian journal of any standing, from leading representative political associations and from the most prominent public men in every province, whom nobody would accuse of being seditious in their tendencies, or likely for a moment to approve of anything that was subversive of public order. Do the Government of India approve of this?

Notes of the Day

Lord Kitchener's Fate.

At last we have an official statement from the Admiralty in regard to the fate of the Hampshire. It is established, says the official statement, that she struck a mine and sank in ten minutes. The two destroyers acting as escort had become detached owing to heavy seas and it is to be presumed that this happened some time before the disaster occurred. According to another unofficial account, which immediately preceded this, the disaster occurred at eight in the evening in a gale and the cruiser apparently blew up and sank in twenty minutes. The disaster was witnessed from the shore and it was seen that four boats were launched, that which contained Lord Kitchener having, it is believed, been swamped by the terrific seas. It is somewhat remarkable that, while those in the boats lost their lives, twelve men on a raft succeeded in reaching the shore. That inclines one to the view that the Admiralty statement that the vessel lived only ten minutes after striking the mine must be an underestimate. It may be presumed that, ultimately, most of the bodies of the drowned will reach the shore, seeing that the disaster occurred so near the coast.

The American Elections.

It is clear that that "colossal figure in American manhood" has not yet recovered his prestige among the conservative Republicans on whom he declared war at the last elections. In spite of Senator Fall's impressive figure of speech the colossal Roosevelt was nowhere in the voting for the Republican candidate and the choice has fallen on Judge Hughes, the man who is best fitted to carry the colours of the party to success. It was said that Judge Hughes, who is the most incorruptible, as he is the strongest of the Supreme Court Judges, would refuse to exchange the bench for the prospect of the White House, but it is already announced that he has resigned his judgeship and will stand. The only thing that can stand in the way of his success is a Republican split, and it seems that Mr. Roosevelt is not willing to run on a separate Progressive ticket now that he has lost the attempt to gain the candidature of a united party. He has telegraphed to the Progressive Convention suggesting Senator Lodge as a compromise candidate. That is not likely to be accepted. It is clear that the Progressives cannot dominate the party and the conservative Republicans are not likely to shunt Judge Hughes, undoubtedly the strongest candidate they could put forward, for Senator Lodge to oblige Mr. Roosevelt. Impartial foreign observers will be inclined to think that Mr. Hughes will stand better for American manhood than the colossal figure of Senator Fall's imagination.

India and Industrial Development.

Sir William Clark, the late Member for Commerce and Industry, has made a statement to the "Daily Graphic," in the course of which he says that the most notable feature in India's commercial history during the past five years is the increased interest taken by all classes in the question of how industry and manufacture may be developed in the country under the control and management of Indians.

There have been successful enterprises of the kind in the past,—for instance, the great cotton industry of Bombay,—and some very important departures have been made recently, notably the Tata Iron and Steel Works at Sakchi and the Tata Hydro-electric Scheme for the supply of power to Bombay. But, broadly speaking, India is still backward industrially, and Indians are shy of risking their capital in industrial ventures. The importance of overcoming this reluctance is now more and more generally recognised. Industrial development would mean a higher standard of living. The people would be less dependent on agriculture, and, therefore, less at the mercy of the monsoon; and a higher level of prosperity means greater political content. The Government of India, on their side, have fully appreciated the importance of the problem, and have recently appointed a weighty Commission to examine the question of industrial development in India and of the assistance which the State may usefully give in the matter. . . . There is every reason for confidence that the enquiries of the Commission will lead to useful and practical results.

Redistribution of Municipal Representation.

Among the matters that will come up for discussion this week before the Corporation is a letter from the residents of Mahim suggesting that the time is opportune for the authorities to think seriously of sanctioning a third seat for the F Ward in response to the growing needs of the north of the Island." Among the grounds for the change proposed are that the population of the ward is now almost double what it was when the two present seats were alloted first to it and that many new chawls and buildings have cropped up and that a new trade centre will shortly be flourishing at Sewree, leading to a further increase of population. These arguments are unanswerable, but they apply with equal force to some other wards in the City. In fact, the demand raised by the residents of Mahim recalls a common complaint that has been again and again raised that the existing distribution of seats for the Corporation among the different wards, being out of date, is unfair and inequitable to the residents of many parts of the City as it favours those of other parts unduly, while some of the most important parts of the City are almost unrepresented. The time is opportune, if due representation is to be given to all parts of the City, for the whole question of distribution as well as the aggregate number of seats to be re-examined,—in view of the immense growth of the City in population and houses and the consequent changes brought about as regards the respective importance of the different wards in these directions.

Disraeli and India.

Benjamin Disraeli was an imperialist without being a jingo and his warm oriental fancy coloured his imperialism. Where it was deeply attracted, as to India, he is seen at his best, and this fact is prominently brought out in Mr. Buckle's fourth volume of the life of the great Victorian statesman which has been recently published by John Murray. The period that this volume covers is the period of 1855 to 1868, when Mr. Buckle's hero attained the splendid zenith of his career and is also the period of the Sepoy Mutiny in India and the transfer of the Government of India from the East India Company to the Crown. Nothing can be nobler than Dizzy's conception of national responsibility for Indian Government and as his biographer suggests with truth, he compared well with Gladstone in this matter. In the year of India's agony Gladstone was chiefly intent on preventing certain poor British people from sharing the facilities of divorce already placed at the disposal of the rich, while Disraeli had his eye nearer the centre. At once sceptical and humane, he distrusted the stories of rebel atrocities which flooded the English press during the Mutiny. He hated the idea of reprisals. "Of all the awful circumstances of this terrible affair" he wrote to his woman-confidante Mrs. Brydges Willyams, "is the sprit of vengeance which is preached as if we were to take our enemies for our model."

Disraeli's Vision.

Of the general relationship of England and India, he had a vision powerfully blended of practice and imagination, expressed in words which are an honour to British statesmanship:—

"The course which I recommend is this: You ought at once whether you receive news of success or defeat, to tell the people of India that the relation between them and their real Ruler and Sovereign, Queen Victoria, shall be drawn nearer. You must act upon the opinion of India on that subject immediately; and you can only act upon the opinion of Eastern nations through their imagination. You ought to have a Royal Commission sent by the Queen from this country to India immediately to inquire into the grievances of the various classes of that population. You ought to issue a royal proclamation to the people of India, declaring that the Queen of England is not a Sovereign who will countenance the violation of treaties; that the Queen of England is not a Sovereign who will disturb the settlement of property; that the Queen of England is a Sovereign who will respect their laws, their usages, their customs, and, above, all their religon. Do this, and do it not in a corner, but in a mode and manner which will attract universal attention and excite the general hope of Hindustan, and you will do as much as all your Fleets and Armies can achieve."

That policy prevailed in form and was the foundation of the Royal Proclamation of 1858. But it was essentially a plea for self-government: and it is the fault of the doubting statesmanship that followed this great imperialist—and his own failure to carry it into practice,—that it has not been more closely woven into the fabric of Indian policy.

Books and Readers in War-Time.

The influence of war on the writing and reading of books affords a fascinating subject of speculation. At the annual meeting of the English Association recently a poet and a publisher agreed in appraising the effects of the war on writers and readers alike. Mr. Walter De La Mero was inclined to believe that people are turning to poetry for a deeper assurance of comfort. The enthusiastic and widespread reception of Rupert Brooke's poems may be instanced as a proof of this,—though the poet's remarkable personality and the pathetic circumstances of his death largely contributed to this fact. Mr. John Buchanan, whose experience of Nelson's series of cheap reprints gives him authority, opined that darkened streets and inaccessable amusements have created a larger reading public than ever. It is interesting to learn, on the word of a bookseller at the same gathering, that Kipling has ceased to be the British soldier's author.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE

25 MILES IN THREE DAYS.

HAMPSHIRE STRUCK A MINE

WAR COUNCIL IN LONDON.

The Austrian line has been broken over the extent of a hundred miles and the Russians are pursuing the Austrians.

The Russians occupy the whole of the triangular fortified position Kolki-Lutzk-Olyka which is strategically most important as connecting the centre between Poliessie, Volhynia and Poland and the roads to Galicia and Bukhovina.

The Russian captures total 1,240 officers and 71,000 men, 94 guns, 167 machine-guns and 53 mortars.

The Admiralty states that it is now established that the Hampshire struck a mine at eight in the evening and sank in ten minutes. She was escorted by two destroyers which eventually became detached owing to heavy seas.

Officers who have participated in the Jutland battle have been amazed at the German assertion that victory was with Germany. They estimate the German losses at the least at thirty-two ships and five battleships were so damaged, that they will be useless for months.

It is reported from Kiel that five German submarines were lost in the naval battle off Jutland.

A patrol of British monitors and destroyers engaged the enemy's destroyers last Friday morning off Zeebrugge. On being fired on the enemy retreated into port.

On the Italian front the battle on the Sette communi plateau continued with unabated violence, the Italians punishing the enemy very severely in the attacks on the positions eastward of Campomulo.

An Italian troopship has been submarined in the Lower Adriatic. About half of the troops on board were lost.

The attitude of the Greek Government in connection with the surrender of Greek territory to the Bulgarians, has made it necessary for the Allies to adopt certain precautionary measures.

A military Conference is being held in London, at which General Joffre and a number of French Ministers are to attend.

The Lower House of the Parliament of New Zealand has passed the third reading of the Compulsion Bill.

AUSTRIAN FRONT BROKEN OVER 100 MILES.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY 25 MILES FROM LEMBERG.

RUSSIANS ON AUSTRIANS' HEELS.

LARGE ARTILLERY PARK CAPTURED.

PRISONERS TOTAL 71,000.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, June 10.

A communiqué issued here states that the Tsar and President Poincaré have exchanged very warm telegrams on the Russian success.

The Russians continue the offensive and are pursuing the Austrians. The Russians after a series of actions with the Austrian rearguards crossed the Styr above and below Lutzk and followed on the heels of the enemy who were endeavouring to cling to the positions in the rear.

There has been heavy fighting for the hills near Tarnopol which have changed hands several times.

The piercing of the enemy front in the Strypa region resulted in our occupation of the fortified position on the eastern bank of the Strypa. We occupied Brczacz and developed the offensive along the Dniester.

The Russians have captured a large artillery park with shells at the village of Potokzlota.

The Russian captures total 1,240 officers and 71,000 men, 94 guns, 167 machine-guns and 53 mortars.

German mortars have been busy around Dvinsk. German attacks in the Smorgon region have been repulsed.

The Turks have been severely punished west of Trebizond.

25 MILES' ADVANCE IN THREE DAYS.

LINE BROKEN OVER 100 MILES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, June 10.

The Russians occupy the whole of the triangular fortified position Kolki-Lutzk-Olyka which is strategically most important as connecting the centre between Poliessie, Volhynia and Poland and the roads to Galicia and Bukhovina.

The Russians fought their way to Lutzk, a distance of 25 miles in three days through forests and marsh-lands and over battered defences which the enemy for Rumanian consumption had boasted were insuperable.

Only few days ago a German organ in Bukharest ridiculed the "myth" of Russian irruption into Galicia.

The totally unexpected nature of the onslaught is confirmed by Austrian officer prisoners who state that on the eve of the attack they were celebrating the German victory (*sic.*) in the North Sea.

One of the most effective Russian surprises was the capture of a railway station with its staff. A quarter of an hour later a train arrived full of troops and supplies. All were captured. A telegraphist had just wired for shells. In the course of an hour a train conveying shells fell into the Russian hands.

Practically a whole Austrian division surrendered at one point, including two generals.

It is estimated in Petrograd that the Austrian line has been broken over the extent of a hundred miles.

General Brussiloff's success has uncovered the German right and the Austrian left flanks, the latter commanding the approaches to Lemberg.

It is reported that Russian cavalry has appeared 25 miles south-east of Lemberg.

The Russians in Bukhovina have captured the head of the railway leading to Czernowitz.

SUCCESSES IN VOLHYNIA CONTINUE.

65,000 PRISONERS CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, June 9.

Russian successes in Volhynia continue. Total prisoners captured since the offensive began are over 65,000.

PETROGRAD, June 10.

The Russians have captured further 5,600 prisoners and eleven guns.

OFFENSIVE CONTINUES.

GERMANS VAINLY TRYING TO ARREST IT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PETROGRAD, June 10.

The communiqué confirmed the previous telegram. It adds that the Germans are vainly trying to arrest the development of our offensive on the pierced front. German troops have arrived from the north of the Pripet marshes. Prisoners include many Germans.

In spite of an obstinate resistance here and there, the offensive continues on the whole of the Pripet and Rumanian front. Our cavalry had many opportunites to charge. We captured a bridgehead at Rojestohe on the Styr, taking 2,500 prisoners among Austrian and German troops and rich booty.

We crossed the Strypa and reached the river Zlotapotok. The German General Mikuline has been severely wounded. The Germans took a strong offensive in the Krevo and Smorgon regions, but failed to reach our positions.

BATTLE ON SETTE PLATEAU.

DESPERATE STRUGGLE CONTINUES.

ENEMY'S TERRIBLE LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, June 9.

The communiqué issued here says:—The battle on the Sette communi plateau continued with unabated violence on Wednesday and a desperate struggle around our positions eastward of Campomulo continued till midnight, our troops making hecatomes of the assailants. Two hundred and three dead were counted in front of a single company yesterday.

The enemy, enormously reinforced, again attacked after an intense bombardment. Their columns were repeatedly repulsed and counter-attacked with the bayonet. At the close of the day, in order to avoid the effects of incessant artillery fire, we fell back a hundred yards to new positions. Attacks elsewhere on the front were repulsed.

ITALIANS' METHODICAL PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, June 11.

A communiqué says:—After their grave defeat on June 8th the enemy on the following day confined themselves to active cannonading.

The Italians replied very effectively shelling masses of troops which were surprised by the bombardment.

The Italians made progress in the Astico and Posina Valleys and on the western slopes of Mount Cengio.

We continued our methodical advance in the Upper Botte and Ansei Valleys.

ITALIAN TROOPSHIP SUBMARINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, June 10.

Two Austrian submarines attacked three Italian troopships escorted by torpedo-boats in the Lower Adriatic and sank one troopship. About half of the troops on board were lost.

RELATIONS BETWEEN GREECE AND BULGARIA.

ALLIES' PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 8.

The Foreign Office announces that the attitude of the Greek Government in connection with the surrender of Greek territory to the Bulgarian troops has made it necessary for the Allies to take certain precautionary measures respecting the export of coal and Greek shipping in British ports, with the object of preventing supplies from reaching the enemy.

The Allies are considering restrictive measures affecting Greek ports.

PARTIAL DEMOBILISATION OF GREEK ARMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, June 9.

In the Chamber to-day the Premier announced the demobilisation of twelve classes.

He added that the measure had been taken on the Government's own initiative.

"HANDS OFF HOLLAND."

BELLICOSE ANNOUNCEMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, June 9.

A Dutch official announcement that the Army is ready to take the field, if or when necessary, has aroused considerable interest and some speculation as to whether it is more than a mere warning of "hands off Holland."

The communiqué in which the announcement was made, describes in the greatest detail the extent of the augmentation of Dutch war material of every kind during the war.

GENERAL HAIG'S REPORT.

GLOUCESTERS RUSH A TRENCH.

GOOD ARTILLERY RESULTS ROUND HULLUCH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 10.

General Haig in last night's communiqué says, last night a party of the Gloucesters entered the enemy trenches south of Neuve Chapelle and captured a machine-gun. Otherwise there was no infantry action.

Our heavy artillery yesterday destroyed the railway station at Salome, east of La Bassee, setting a train on fire.

Good results were obtained by our guns against strong points behind the enemy lines north of Hulluch.

There was considerable artillery fighting to-day east of Ypres. Mine warfare continues at the Hohenzollern Redoubt and in Hulluch, Neuville and Albert areas.

We exploded six successful mines in the past twenty-four hours. The enemy exploded one which did no damage.

Much successful aerial work was accomplished yesterday. There were no fights, our machines working unhampered, though many enemy machines were seen.

RIGHT OF THE MEUSE.

ENEMY'S VIOLENT ATTACKS.

(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, June 9.

This afternoon's communiqué says:—The Germans continued very violent attacks on the right of the Meuse on a front of two kilometres. They succeeded in penetrating one trench. Everywhere else they were repulsed with heavy loss.

FAILURE OF GERMAN ATTACKS.

(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, June 10.

The communiqué says on the left of the Meuse several German attacks west and south-west of Hill 304, accompanied by liquid fire, completely failed owing to artillery and machine-gun fire.

The bombardment was very violent on the right of the Meuse, but there was no infantry attack.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY AT THIAUMONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, June 10.

This afternoon's communiqué reports bombardment at Avocourt and mutual artillery activity at Thiaumont and elsewhere, on the right of the Meuse. Otherwise there has been relative calm.

ACTIVE ARTILLERY DUEL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, June 11.

Last night's communiqué reported that the artillery duel on the northern front at Verdun continued very actively on both banks of the Meuse. There was no infantry action.

BATTLE FOR VAUX.

TREMENDOUS GERMAN LOSSES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, June 11.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

The Paris correspondent of "The Times" dwells on France's service to the Allies in gaining by her defence of Verdum time for them to fit themselves to take the great work before them. He also sends a description of the defence of Fort Vaux which was supplied to the "Liberte" by a wounded French soldier who gives a vivid description of the "devilish" bombardment which lasted a week. At least 48 heavy guns, mostly of 280 and 305 millimetres, were used which incessantly battered the place. On the 4th June the Germans attacked the glacis in massed formations. They had crossed the moat and were clambering up the slopes when French machine-guns opened fire simultaneously. So terrible was the fire that masses of dead rolled down the slopes carrying the living with them, and when the fight ended the moat was overflowing with German corpses.

A telegram from Amsterdam quotes German soldiers from Verdun who are now resting at Ghent as stating that the dead were piled up in stacks before Vaux.

DUTCH EAST INDIAN LOAN OVERSUBSCRIBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

THE HAGUE, June 10.

Subscriptions to the new Dutch East Indian Loan of eighty million guilders total over 145 million guilders.

THE JUTLAND NAVAL BATTLE.

LUDICROUS GERMAN ASSERTION

BRITISH OFFICERS' ESTIMATE OF GERMAN LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 9.

Reuter is informed that the officers who participated in the battle off Jutland have been amazed at the German assertion that victory was with Germany.

The officers describe, the attacks of the enemy destroyers as very feebie. They retired at the first sign of defeat. German fire was generally accurate at the outset, but grew very wild immediately the ships were hit.

With regard to the Lutzow the second salvo of a British warship at eight thousand yards smashed all her turrets except one, an the Lutzow burst into flames.

The officers estimate the German losses at least at thirty ships, namely two battleships, two battle-cruisers, four cruisers, twenty destroyers and two battleships of the Pommern class.

Moreover five battleships were so damaged that they will be useless for months.

MORE GERMAN LOSSES ADMITTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 11.

It is reported from Kiel that five German submarines were lost in the battle.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 11.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable quotes Copenhagen reports that the Pommern whose loss the Germans admit, was a new Dreadnought and the namesake of the old battleship torpedoed in 1915.

CONCEALMENT OF GERMAN NAVAL LOSSES.

HOLLAND ROCKS WITH LAUGHTER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 10.

The "C. and M. Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

The correspondent of the "Central News" at Amsterdam says that all Holland is laughing at the German communiqué stating that the loss of the Lutzow was at first concealed for military reasons.

The press points out that the admission affects the credibility of German statements concerning the Tubantia.

NAVAL BRUSH OFF ZEEBRUGGE.

ENEMY AGAIN MAKE FOR HOME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 9.

It is officially announced that a patrol of monitors and destroyers yesterday morning engaged the enemy's destroyers off Zeebrugge. On being fired at the latter returned to port. We had no casualties and sustained no damage.

STEAMER DUNROBIN'S ADVENTURE.

CHASED BY ARMED ENEMY TRAWLERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 11.

The "Daily Mail" correspondent wires from Copenhagen that the steamer "Dunrobin" of Newcastle has passed the Sound bound for England. She has been in a Swedish port since the beginning of the war.

Twenty German armed trawlers chased her, but a Swedish torpedoboat, Prince Wilhelm commanding, convoyed the Dunrobin to safety.

As the Dunrobin has been at Lulea, at the northern end of the Gulf of Bothnia, she must have started directly after the Jutland battle and travelled a thousand miles to the Sound.

GENERAL JOFFRE IN LONDON

WAR COUNCIL AT DOWNING STREET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 9.

The French Premier M. Briand and the Ministers M. Roynes, M. Clementel, M. Denys Cochin and General Joffre have arrived in London to confer on military matters.

General Joffre, M. Cambon, the French Ambassador in London, Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Lloyd George attended a War Council at Downing Street to-day.

HAMPSHIRE MINED.

SANK IN TEN MINUTES.

ESCORTING DESTROYERS DETACHED BY HEAVY SEAS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 10.

The Admiralty states that it is now established that the Hampshire struck a mine at eight in the evening and sank in ten minutes. She was escorted by two destroyers which eventually became detached owing to heavy seas.

LORD KITCHENER'S BOAT SWAMPED.

SURVIVORS FOUND UNDER CLIFFS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, June 10.

Vessels which have arrived at Aberdeen from the Orkneys state that Lord Kitchener embarked at the extreme north of Scotland at seven on Monday evening. A gale was blowing on the rocky coast of the islands.

The disaster occurred at eight in the evening and a patrol an hour later reported having seen a warship on fire. It apparently blew up and sank in twenty minutes.

After the fire had been sighted people on shore saw four boats launched, but they were battered to pieces on the rocks. That which contained Lord Kitchener and his staff is believed to have been swamped by terrific seas.

Vessels were instantly summoned, but found no trace of the warship. The captain's gig was stranded empty and a raft with twelve survivors was found under the cliffs.

The men were exhausted. Some murmured "Kitchener was on board" and then fell asleep. Seventy-five bodies were found under the cliff, some still warm. They were hauled up with ropes. Some of the bodies had lost finger and toe nails, apparently owing to desperate efforts to climb the cliff. The bodies were buried at Stromness with honours.

COL. FITZGERALD'S FUNERAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 10.

The funeral of Colonel Fitzgerald took place with military honours at Eastbourne to-day. It was preceded by a service in St. Matthew's, Westminster.

Commander Kitchener, nephew of Lord Kitchener, Sir Reginald Brade and Sir W. Robertson and representatives of Field-Marshal French and of the War Office attended.

THE WAR SITUATION.

"TIMES" MILITARY CORRESPONDENT'S REVIEW.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—

The "Times'" military correspondent in the course of a review of the various fronts states that Britain and Russia could well afford and might have preferred to wait many months longer, while millions of rifles and thousands of guns under construction were delivered and the armies grew, but could not remain insensible to the fact that the French and Italians are bearing the main burden of the war on land.

As we have had our lessons, we shall not give infantry various distant objectives tempting them, if successful at first, beyond the support of their guns. We shall have plenty of reserves within easy reach and be prepared for a methodical continuous offensive. We shall not expect to reach the Rhine and the Vistula at a bound and shall not mass cavalry to ride through the gaps, but shall use our new material in a scientific manner. We are out to kill the enemy without undertaking quixotic adventures.

The German attacks on the British front resemble their attempts in April 1915 to disturb our plans which developed in the following month. It is unlikely that these attempts will be more successful.

ALLAHABAD, June 11.

A "Pioneer" special cable says:—

The "Times'" military correspondent in the course of a review remarks that the French have suffered losses at Verdun, but the German idea that the French reserves have been exhausted is very far from the truth. The British and Belgian reserves are intact and while the French estimate that the German casualties at Verdun amount to 350,000 may be exaggerated the usefulness of a third of the German forces has been seriously diminished. Germany will not lack men during the summer campaign but the best element is the 1917 class which will not go far to make good the losses in the approaching struggle. The position of Italy is not without anxiety but we have every right to expect that General Cadorna will present insuperable obstacles to any further advance, and when he has assembled his men he will give the enemy a lesson to remember.

GERMANY AND ITALY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, June 11.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

The "Times'" Amsterdam correspondent says the German Imperial Court hearing an appeal in a commercial case, has held that a state of war exists between Germany and Italy.

AMERICAN PRESIDENCY

JUDGE HUGHES—REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE.

MR. ROOSEVELT DECLINES NOMINATION BY PROGRESSIVES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CHICAGO, June 10.

At the Republican Convention, Senator Fall nominated Mr. Roosevelt as the candidate for the Presidency, describing him as a colossal figure of American manhood. The speech was received with mingled cheers and hisses.

The nominations of Elihu Root and Judge Hughes were also proposed at the Republican Convention. The name of Judge Hughes was cheered for twenty minutes.

The first ballot of Republicans has resulted as follows:—Hughes 253, Weeks 105, Root 103, Cummins 82, Burton 77, Fairbanks 74, Roosevelt 65.

The number of votes necessary for a choice to be made is 493.

LATER.

The results of the second ballot were Hughes 328, Root 98, Fairbanks 88, Cummins 85, Roosevelt 81, Weeks 79, Burton 76 and Sherman 65.

LATER.

The Republicans have nominated Mr. Hughes practically unanimously and the Progressives have nominated Mr. Roosevelt.

LATER.

Mr. Roosevelt has telegraphed to the Progressive Convention declining nomination for the Presidency and suggesting Senator Lodge as a compromise candidate.

REPUBLICAN PROGRAMME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, June 10.

Mr. Wilson has accepted Mr. Hughes' resignation from the Supreme Court Judgeship on his accepting nomination as a candidate for the Presidency.

Mr. Hughes in a telegram to Chicago accepting nomination has said that he would have preferred to remain on the Bench but his duty at this critical period in national history was to obey the summons.

He stood for unflinching maintenance of the rights of American citizens on land and sea. The foreign relations of the United States, he stated, had suffered incalculably through weakness and vacillation towards Mexico. He thoroughly approved the programme of preparedness, including industrial preparedness, restoration of protective import duties and measures for the expansion of American foreign trade.

COSSACKS' CROSS-COUNTRY RIDE,

A DARING ADVENTURE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 10.

The following telegram dated 8th June has been received from "Eyewitness" Mesopotamia:—

BASRAH, June 5.

The officers of the Cossacks who rode from General Baratoff's force in Persia, to join up with Sir Percy Lake's force in Mesopotamia, were lately invited at Basrah to meet Sir Percy Lake and were decorated with the military cross by order of the King.

The Cossacks' ride across the country was a fine and daring achievement an extreme test of our Allies' hardness, mobility and resource. Their route took them across a mountainous territory which has been a familiar landmark on the plains where we have been fighting for the last few months.

The country traversed was rough and precipitous and the track often difficult for mules. They crossed passes. Over eight thousand enemy forces were likely to be encountered at any moment as these hills are infested with warlike tribes, whose attitude at the best might be described as decidedly doubtful.

UNTRUSTWORTHY GUIDE.

Their guide was untrustworthy. He roused their suspicions by constant attempts to mislead them and eventually had to point out the way with a rope round his neck; nevertheless they met with no actual opposition during the whole journey, other than a few stray shots at long range.

They travelled light. For transport they had less than one pack animal for ten men. These carried ammunition, cooking pots and a tent for officers. Otherwise beyond a few simple necessaries they had no other kit than what they stood up in and they lived on the country, purchasing barley, flour, rice, and sheep from the villages; fodder and fuel were always obtainable.

A HARDY LOT.

For ambulance they had only one Assistant Surgeon provided with medical wallets, but none of these Cossacks fell sick. They are a hardy lot.

Their last march was one of thirty miles, during which five of the horses died of thirst or exhaustion on the parched desert and they reached the camp after nightfall. Yet after the dinner, which was given in their honour, they were singing and dancing all night and did not turn in till one o'clock in the morning.

The ride of the Cossacks, establishing direct contact between the Russian force and the Tigris has impressed the tribesmen on both sides of the frontier who draw their own conclusions

COMPULSION BILL PASSED IN NEW ZEALAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WELLINGTON, June 10.

The House of Representatives has passed the third reading of the Compulsion Bill by forty-four votes to four.

SCHOOL OF ORIENTAL STUDIES.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

LIST OF THE GOVERNORS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 11.

A School of Oriental Studies has been incorporated by Royal Charter. The Governors include Sir John Hewett (chairman), Sir Charles Lyall and Lord Reay, representing the India Office and Asiatic Society respectively, and representatives of the Foreign Office, War Office, Universities, City of London County Council, and London Chamber of Commerce.

The appointments are mostly for five years. It is understood that the first meeting will be held before the end of June. It is hoped that the school will be started in Autumn. Alterations of the London Institution for the accommodation of the School have been nearly completed.

IMPERIAL COUNCIL OF COMMERCE.

SINGLE INCOME-TAX QUESTION PASSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, June 9.

The Imperial Council of Commerce at its concluding sitting to-day unanimously passed a resolution in favour of an early agreement between the Imperial Government and the Dominions to adopt single income-tax on income within the Empire wherever earned or produced.

Sir A. McRobert who seconded the resolution said that the only fair solution was to revert to the old system of charging income-tax only on income received in England.

The Council also passed a resolution urging the Governments of the Empire to legislate for British control of businesses carried on within the Empire.

CREATION OF TERRITORIAL ARMY IN INDIA.

SIR K. GUPTA'S LETTER TO "THE TIMES."

LAHORE, June 10.

A "Civil and Military Gazette", special cable says:—

Sir Krishna Gupta writes to "The Times" supporting the creation of a territorial army in India.

ANGLO-INDIAN FORCE.

MORE RECRUITS WANTED FOR INFANTRY.

ALLAHABAD, June 10.

In connection with the Anglo-Indian recruiting in some areas the number allotted to them could have been exceeded but owing to a mistaken idea recruitment was stopped as soon as the figures allotted had been reached. To remove this misunderstanding the Honorary Secretary, Federal Council of Anglo-Indian Association, has notified that the Adjutant-General wishes the recruitment to continue until the full number required is secured as the excess from one area will serve to counterbalance the deficiency in others. The Cavalry and Artillery have both secured the full complement required but more recruits are wanted for infantry.

DEATH OF COLONEL PARRY NISBET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 10.

The "C. and M. Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

The death is announced of Colonel Parry Nisbet, late of the Punjab Commission, latterly Resident in Kashmir.

SHACKLETON RELIEF EXPEDITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MONTEVIDEO, June 9.

The Shackleton Relief Ship has sailed for Elephant Island. It will call at Falkland Islands and pick up members of the Shackleton Expedition who are there.

TREATMENT OF GERMANS IN INDIA.

The India Office has issued the following for publication:—

As the German and Austrian Governments have been publishing letters commenting on the treatment of prisoners of war in India, the following letter addressed to the American Consul by Dr. A. Mayr, who with others, is being repatriated, shows that there is not much ground for reasonable complaints:—

The civil *détenus* leaving by the Golconda to-day (March 30) did consider it proper to express to the Superintendent of the Camp, Mr. J. H. Garrett, I.C.S., District Magistrate of Ahmednagar, "their thanks for and appreciation of the considerate way and manner in which he exercised his authority." I bring it to your notice, so that you may, if you think fit, inform the Austrian, Hungarian, and the German Governments of the fact.

The Secretary of State has decided that the next valuation of the Civil Service Family Pension Scheme shall be made as at the 31st March, 1918, instead of at the 31st March, 1916.

THE LATE LORD KITCHENER.

INDIA'S GRIEF.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 11.

A Memorial Service for Lord Kitchener will be held at St. Stephen's Church, Ootacamund, on Tuesday, the 13th instant, at noon.

NAINITAL, June 10.

A memorial service for Lord Kitchener will be held at the church of Saint John in the Wilderness, Nainital, on Tuesday, the 13th June, at 12 o'clock. Flags will be flown half-mast on all public buildings and memorial services will be held where possible at district headquarters.

DELHI, June 10.

The news of Lord Kitchener's death was received with deep regret by all classes of people in Delhi and as a mark of respect to his memory the public offices, schools, colleges and shops were kept closed to-day.

A deputation of leading Sikhs of Delhi waited upon, the Hon. Mr. Hailey, Chief Commissioner, Delhi, to express their profound grief at the tragic death of the greatest soldier of the Empire, and requested him to convey their feelings to H. E. the Commander-in-Chief of India. The Chief Commissioner received the deputation kindly and promised to convey the sense of sympathy and grief of the deputation to the Commander-in-Chief.

The Secretary, Khalsa Dewan, Delhi, has sent the following telegram to the Military Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy and the Private Secretary to H. E. the Commander-in-Chief:—

Sikhs of Delhi express their profound grief and their humble sympathy at the sad and most tragic death of Earl Kitchener at this critical moment and humbly request his Excellency to convey the same to his Imperial Majesty the King Emperor. His great sympathy with, and his keen interest in the welfare of the Sikh nation will be remembered with great esteem and regard for all times to come.

POONA, June 10.

At a general meeting of the Poona City Municipality held this evening the President, Mr. Hari Narayan Apte, paid a tribute to the memory of Lord Kitchener.

A requisition signed by influential gentlemen is being circulated and will in due course be sent to Mr. Apte, President of the Poona Municipality, calling upon him to convene a public meeting of the citizens of Poona City and Cantonment to express their sense of grief at the tragic end of Lord Kitchener. The meeting will take place some day during the next week.

SATARA, June 10.

At a representative meeting of Satara citizens a resolution was unanimously passed recording their deep sorrow at the sudden death of Lord Kitchener.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Governor will be in residence at Government House, Bombay, from the afternoon of Wednesday, July 12th, till the afternoon of Friday, July 21st. It has also been provisionally arranged that his Excellency will be again in residence from Wednesday, 16th August, till Friday, 25th August. The latter dates are subject to alteration.

Lord Pentland will visit the fisheries stations of the west coast and in all probability attend a sale of elephants at a jungle station in the Malabar district during his October tour. He will also visit the Annamulays. His Excellency will distribute the prizes at the Forest College, Coimbatore on the 29th instant, when he will be entertained at a garden party and dinner given by the members of the Forest Department.

Sir T. Holland, President of the Industrial Commission, will visit Madras in the last week of July and Bangalore in the second week of August in connection with his preliminary tour on the Commission's work. At each of these places he will spend a week.

Dr. Sunder Lal will visit Simla in August and discuss the draft regulations for the Benares University.

Mr. J. MacKenna, Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India, will tour in the Bengal jute districts during the monsoon.

MACKERNESS PAMPHLET PROSCRIBED IN U P.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAINITAL, June 10.

The United Provinces Government has proscribed under Section 12 of the Press Act a pamphlet in English entitled "The Methods of the Indian Police in the 20th Century" by Mr. Frederic Mackerness M.A., Bar-at-Law, ex M.P., published with an introductory note and an appendix by the Hindustani Gnadr Office, San Francisco in November, 1915.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 10.

Jute mill shares ruled quiet and inactive with only a small trade passing. The Delta report has been issued showing a profit of nearly 10 lakhs. Shareholders are to receive Rs. 30 per share in dividend and bonus. In other directions there was very little doing. The following sales took place:—Baraboni 12/4, 12/3; Royal 1/8; Seltore 9/8, 9/12; Standard 28/4; Sudamdih 3.

Jute:—Auckland (prefs) 115; Clive (ord) 116; Empire (ord) 34/8, 34/10, 34/14; Fort William (ord) 125; Howrah (ord) 225; Kamarhatty (ord) 334, 331, 332, 333; Kanknarrah (ord) 455.

Tea:—Jutlibari 1/2 p.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Paper (ord) 47; India General (ord) 144 ex-dividend; Mengkibol Rubber 21.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 80 to Rs. 80-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 80-8 to Rs. 80-10.

The United Provinces Provincial Conference will be held at Jhansi on 2nd, 3rd, and 4th, October next.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

The following casualties are announced:—

LONDON, June 4.

KILLED.

Major M. A. Napier, Cheshires.
Captain J. C. Barnes, Border Regt.
Captain E. W. Barrett, Flying Corps.
Lieut. H. B. Chinnery, Royal Rifles.
Lieut. J. P. Lunchus, Gordons.
Sec.-Lieut. K. L. Hallward, Worcesters.
Sec.-Lieut. L. A. Klemantaski, Berkshires.
Sec.-Lieut. E. F. Knight, London Regt.
Sec.-Lieut. C. E. Lyon, Artillery.

NOW KILLED.

Captain C. Bruno, Flying Corps.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. K. M. Wallace, Irish Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. E. A. Brownsworth, Leicesters.

MISSING.

Sec.-Lieut. R. W Scott, Seaforths.

WOUNDED.

Lieut.-Colonel M. F. Clarke, Cheshires.
Captain D. A. Jones, Royal Lancasters.
Lieut. G. A. Barber, Manchesters.
Lieut. W. Keen, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. P. H. Franks, Royal Rifles.
Sec.-Lieut. M. S. Gotch, Northamptons.
Sec.-Lieut. W. B. Hicks, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. A. F. Maclean, Royal Scots.
Sec.-Lieut. A. D. Parkin, Sherwoods.
Sec.-Lieut. G. H. Scott, London Regt.
Sec.-Lieut. A. Toon, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. G. Watson, Lancs. Fusiliers.

LONDON, June 7.

KILLED.

Captain W. Wood, West Kents.
Lieut. T. K. O'Brien, Connaught Rangers.
Lieut. A. J. Thomas, Black Watch.
Sec.-Lieut. T. Hughes, Welsh Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Sec.-Lieut. E. Burrow, Connaught Rangers.
Sec.-Lieut. E. R. Craig, Royal Scots.
Sec.-Lieut. P. A. Steenekamp, Dragoon Guards.

WOUNDED.

Major H. E. Hewitt, King's Royal Rifles.
Captain A. J. Rendel, Artillery.
Lieut. G. Bramwell, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Lieut. E. M. Jackson, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Lieut. M. H. Llewellyn, Welsh Regiment.
Lieut. C. E. Rogers, Berkshires.
Lieut. W. P. Wilson, Worcesters.
Lieut. H. B. Balls, Londons.
Sec.-Lieut. R. W Abbotts, Durham Lights.
Sec.-Lieut. W. H. Canning, Warwicks.
Sec.-Lieut. G. H. Turner, Warwicks.
Sec.-Lieut. W. J. Cridge, Sherwoods.
Sec.-Lieut. S. H. Lester, Sherwoods.
Sec.-Lieut. V. G. Darrington, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. A. W. Hughes, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. G. Kelling, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. F. R. Derwent Lancashire Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. D. A. Forbes, Argyll and Sutherland.
Sec.-Lieut. H. C. Graham, Scots Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. C. MacSweeny, Irish Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. D. M. Miller, Royal Scots.
Sec.-Lieut. W. A. Paine, Welsh Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. J. A. Peyton, Norfolks.
Sec.-Lieut. F. Roberts, Welsh Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. H. E. Simmons, Welsh Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. Smith, East Lancashires.

LONDON, June 8.

KILLED.

Lieut. J. M. Maxwell, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. R. C. Davies, Northumberland Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. D. Matthews, Connaught Rangers.

NOW KILLED.

Lieut. D. M. Williams, South Staffords.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain L. Raimes, Durham Lights.
Lieut. L. T. Taylor, North Lancashires.
Sec.-Lieut. C. J. Fowler, Royal Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. W. Lambert, Highland Lights.
Sec.-Lieut. F. J. Thorns, Berkshires.

NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONER.

Sec.-Lieut. T. R. Dorman, Munster Fusiliers.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Sec.-Lieut. T. Condon, Artillery.

DIED.

Major R. A. Thomas, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut. J. V. Isham, Dragoon Guards.

MISSING.

Major-General M. S. Mercer.
Brigadier-General V. A. Williams.
Lieut. W. C. Ince, Machine-gun Company.
Lieut. H. C. Young, Machine-gun Company.
Lieut. A. W. Sime, Machine-gun Brigade.
Captain A. G. Wilken, Chaplain.

NOW PRISONERS.

Lieut. W. C. Mortimer-Phelan, Flying Corps.
Sec.-Lieut. W. A. Brown, Argyll and Sutherlands.

WOUNDED.

Major W. Garrard, Irish Fusiliers.
Captain B. Milburn, Hertfords.
Captain E. C. Palmer, Durham Lights.
Lieut. P. W. Beatty, Machine-gun Company.
Lieut. J. V. Boothby, Black Watch.
Lieut. F. Crinion, Manchesters.
Lieut. J. E. Gibson, Irish Fusiliers.
Lieut. G. H. Metcalfe, Northamptons.
Sec.-Lieut. C. R. Chambers, South Staffords.
Sec.-Lieut. G. D. Crossman, Welsh Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. E. J. Pursglove, Border Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. F. C. Roe, Warwicks.
Sec.-Lieut. C. R. Selwyn, Somerset Lights.
Sec.-Lieut. G. B. Thomson, Northamptons.
Sec.-Lieut. E. C. Vickers, East Yorkshires.
Sec.-Lieut. R. C. Wadley, Berkshires.
Sec.-Lieut. J. C. Wrench, Northumberland Fusiliers.

The Government of India direct that no person shall carry on trade or business with or transfer any property moveable or immoveable to Jacques Hurlimann, a foreigner, in respect of whom an order has been made under the Foreigners Act 1864 (3 of 1864).

A FRONTIER TRAGEDY

GOODS TRAIN HAULED UP.

DRIVER AND FIREMAN SHOT DEAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

QUETTA, June 10.

No. 41 up empty special goods train consisting of an engine, eighteen wagons, and a brake-van, which left Nushki for Quetta yesterday at 16-30 hours, was stopped about seven miles out of the former station, owing to a rail having been removed from the track The train staff was then attacked by raiders numbering from 25 to 40 men and the European driver named Wall and one Indian fireman were killed. The European guard named West and a fireman escaped by concealing themselves and returned to Nushki where the alarm was given. The train which was standing on a gradient subsequently rolled back and running through the yard at Nushki at a very high speed was derailed in one of the dead sidings. The break-van was entirely destroyed and the wagons telescoped and seriously damaged. The station master reports that the dead body of the fireman only was found on the engine and there is no trace of the driver's body.

SECURITY DEMANDED FROM "INDIAN EMIGRANT."

PUBLICATION CEASED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 10.

Security of Rs. 2,000 having been demanded from the editor of the "Indian Emigrant", a monthly, published in Madras, the paper has ceased publication.

MUNICIPAL MAGISTRATE'S COURT IN BOMBAY.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE"

Sir,—You were good enough to publish in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle," dated 29th May 1916, the important portion of my correspondence on the subject "A Municipal Magistrate's Court in the City of Bombay." It would have been better, if you had published the whole correspondence. Since the publication of the above, my letter was placed before the Standing Committee who have resolved to "record the letter." Sir, to record a letter means no action is proposed to be taken in the matter. The letter will be placed before the Municipal Corporation shortly and I do hope each and every corporator will go carefully through the letter and do the needful. The public has a right to know the pros and cons of the City Fathers on this subject. I request you to allow the hospitality of the columns of your paper to the public to ventilate their views on the subject.—Yours, etc.,

MANECKJI FAKIRJI GOTLA.

Bombay, June 10.

RECRUITMENT NOTICE.

DECCANI AND KONKANI BRAHMINS FOR INDIAN ARMY.

A Press Note issued by the Government of Bombay states:—

The Government of India have sanctioned the recruitment of one Company of Deccani and Konkani Brahmins for the Indian Army. The Company will be attached to the 116th Mahrattas.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 11.

The monsoon has extended temporarily over the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province and South-East Rajputana. It has given moderate rain in the central parts of the country, but shows signs of weakening. A feeble depression at the head of the bay is crossing the coast.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Central India East, West of that Central Provinces, West Coast of the Peninsula and the North Madras Coast and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, west of the United Provinces, East and North Punjab, North-West Frontier Province, East Rajputana, East of the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan and North Hyderabad. A few falls have also occurred in Assam Behar, Mysore, South-West Punjab and South Madras.

The principal amounts are:—Tavoy, Rangoon, and Diamond Island one and a half inches; Moulmein, and Kyaukpyu two; Akyab five, Yamethin two, Dibrugarh, three; Barisal one; Saugor Island two; Balasore, and Jalpaiguri one and a half; Cuttack, and Daltonganj two; Mussooree six; Chakrata three; Simla, and Murree one; Khushab, and Parachinar three quarters; Kotah three; Neemuch, Indore, Seoni Pendra, and Bombay one; Ratnagiri five; Cochin two; Mangalore three; Marmagoa one and a half: and Waltair one.

Forecast:—A diminution of rain in the central parts of the country and the east Punjab.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, June 10.

The weekly report of the Karachi freight market is as follows:—There is still but little enquiry for shippers and rates show a further decline. Business on the berth has been done at 91s. 6d. July shipment and shippers' ideas are now 87s. At this rate, however, liners are not at the moment prepared to book.

TRAGEDY IN A TRAIN.

TWELVE TERRITORIALS DIE OF HEAT.

MANY TAKEN SERIOUSLY ILL.

ARRANGEMENTS AT ROHRI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, June 9.

The Sukkur correspondent of the "Daily Gazette" writes:—

"Yesterday a special train containing Territorials halted at the Rohri station at 3 p.m., on the way to a further destination. The party appeared to have suffered very much from the effect of the excessive heat. Seven were found dead in the train and their bodies were sent here to be buried. Thirty-two more, of whom about eight were seriously ill, were sent to the civil hospital for treatment. The Civil Surgeon, Mr. Hingorani, and Mr. Hales, District Traffic Superintendent, took prompt measures to give relief to the patients. Of these 32, two died shortly after their arrival at the hospital and these two with the seven brought from Rohri were all buried last night. Three more died last night at the hospital and were buried this morning. One is lying in a precarious condition while the rest have partially recovered. There being inadequate accommodation at the Civil Hospital to receive so many patients at the same time, Mr Hales, District Traffic Superintendent, has placed his commodious and airy bungalow on the hill at the disposal of the Civil Surgeon who had all the patients removed there this morning in the Collector's (Mr. Moysey's) motor-car and has arranged to place half his staff at the bungalow for the treatment of the patients. The patients looked much better this morning and they are expected to be completely cured within the next two or three days. The Civil Surgeon passed the whole night at the hospital. He was assisted by several European employees of the Railway Department. The train left yesterday evening and it was provided with four maunds of ice and a telegram was sent to Multan to have more ice ready there.

COMMERCIAL MISSION TO RUSSIA.

SOUTH INDIAN CHAMBER ON NON-OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 10.

The following is a copy of a telegram to the Government of Madras from the Southern India Chamber of Commerce dated today:—

The Chamber has resolved that Government be informed that in its opinion official and non-official members of the commercial deputation to Russia should be financed as such, and that, therefore, non-official members should not be required to bear their own expenses. Subject to the above the Chamber is prepared to contribute a sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the cost of the whole deputation. The Chamber will be glad to nominate an Indian non-official member for the deputation on hearing from Government.

LADY BEATTY'S APPEAL.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I am asking for gifts towards the excellent work of the British and Foreign Sailors' Society.

The Society is both International and Interdenominational and is the oldest Organisation looking after the all-round interests of our Sailor Lads. It has long enjoyed the patronage of the Royal House and continues to receive the regular support of all the Churches as well as the leading members of the Naval, Shipping, and Commercial circles.

Even more important than all, I am convinced that the Society has a real place in the hearts and lives of our brave Sailors, and as a small reward for their splendid courage and endurance I hope that you will generously assist this glorious enterprise.

I am sure you will agree with me that it is not only necessary to maintain this work at its present high level, but also to extend its activities in other centres where our Sailors are in urgent need of Institutes ashore for the effective supply of their social and spiritual wants.—Yours, etc.

ETHEL BEATTY.

Hanover Lodge, Regent's Park,

London, N. W.

CALLS TO THE BAR.

Twenty-eight gentlemen were called to the Bar by their respective Inns of Court on May 17. The list contained the following eleven Indian names:—

Lincoln's Inn.—Sisir Kumar Sinha, Downing College, Cambridge; Prabhudas Haridas Desai, M.A., Bombay University.

Inner Temple.—Nowrojee Bhicajee Dalal, Oxford University: Bakshi Mehr Chand, M.A., Cambridge: Algernon Narad Rikh, B.A., Oxford.

Middle Temple.—Sant Ram Anand; Sarabhai Nemchand Haji, B.A., Oxford: Raj Gopal Reddy: Hatin Budrudin Tyabji, B.A., Oxford: Ramrao Madhavrao Deshmukh, B.A., Cambridge: Gopalrao Govindrao Reshimwale, B.A., Allahabad University.

The proposals for amending the Provincial Insolvency Act are now before the Government of India.

THE ICE CREAM SEASON is now coming to an end, and so is our first consignment of

SNOW.

During the last month hundreds of tins of this excellent article were sold, and they have given satisfaction everywhere. We have still a small stock left on hand, and here is your last chance of trying it for this season.

SNOW is a purely vegetable powder and can safely be used by vegetarians. It contains neither gelatine nor eggs.

SNOW increases the volume of ice cream. From a quart of milk you get two quarts finished ICE CREAM.

SNOW prevents the formation of grains or icy crystals in ICE CREAM and makes it smooth and firm like butter.

SNOW is a binder. It accelerates the freezing and the ICE CREAM keeps firm longer.

SNOW gives you an ICE CREAM which can be packed and sent to long distances very conveniently.

SNOW is very economic. You require only a tea-spoonful per pint of milk.

Hotels, Restaurants, Refreshment Rooms and Iranis will find SNOW a great **money-saver** as compared with the cost of eggs. Generally the cost of eggs comes to about a rupee and a half to two rupees per gallon of milk. SNOW will cost only **three annas** for an equal quantity of ice cream.

ICE CREAM made with SNOW is wholesome, digestible, palatable and nutritive. This means more customers to ICE CREAM DEALERS.

Three Sizes: 1 lb. Rs. 2-12; ½ lb. Re. 1-7 and ¼ lb. As. 12.

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SHROFF BROTHERS, Fort.
ITALIAN STORES, ,,
G. BOSSI, ,,
ALLIES STORES, Chawpati.
BOMBAY A-I RESTAURANT, Grant Roap.
DINSHAW & Co., Colaba Causeway.
CURSETJI & Sons., Ahmednagar.

If your dealers cannot supply SNOW, write us with your remittance to cover price and postage and we will send it to you.

Sole Agents for—INDIA, BURMAH & CEYLON.

KOTHARI SUTARIA & Co.

Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

June 11th.

Arabia	Palmer	London
Lluga	Cutbush	Karachi May 9
Castlemoor	Angus	New York April 30

DEPARTURES.

June 11th.

Lhasa	King	Karachi.
Caledonia	Dowell	London etc.
Hejaz	Ternel	London etc.

The following vessel obtained port clearance on Saturday.

Steamer Barbera Steadmen London, etc.

S. S. Caledonia:—The P. and O. S. N. Company's Mail steamer Caledonia, 3,429 tons, Captain E. R. Dowell, sailed yesterday for London via Aden, Suez Port Said and Marseilles, with mail, a general cargo and about 140 passengers.

S. S. Berbera:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Berbera, 2,791 tons, Captain W. P. Steadmen, will sail to-day for London via Suez, Port Said and Middlesbrough, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Linga:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain H. M. Cutbush arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi which port she had left on the 9th instant, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Arabia:—The P. and O. S. N. Company's Mail steamer, Arabia, 4,198 tons, Captain W. B. Palmer, arrived in harbour yesterday at noon, from London, with the outward mails of the 26th ultimo, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 951 tons, Captain C. R. King, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

Friday, 10th June, 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Indo Maru		O. S. Kaisha
B. Shinkoku Maru	Kuchiki	O. S. Kaisha
C. & R.	Wilton Hall...Williamson	J. Mackintosh & Co
D. & E.	Griqua	Crome. T. M. Co
F.	Bahadur	Hartock. T. M. & Co
K.	Kings-Mere	Griffiths. W. & A. G. & Co
N.	Polperro	Jones. W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi, Saharmati, Ponani } B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2	Mongara	Hamlyn. M. M. & Co
3	Lawoe	Lorne. D. M. Khandwani
4	Inverbervie	Redcliffe. W. & A. G. & Co
5	Favonian	Holkar. K. N. & Co
6	Erinpura	M. M. & Co
7	Arratoon Apcar	M.M. & Co
8	Berbera	M. M. & Co
9	Bahrein	Bennett. T. M. & Co
10 & 11	Quilloa	Warrington. M. M. & Co
12 & 13	Ellora	M.M. & Co
14	Lhasa	King. M. M. & Co
15	Akbar	Hannah. T. M. & Co
16	Firoozi	T. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK

5	Clan Mackinnon	Openshaw. J. F. & Co
4	City of Exeter	Rae. K. N. & CO
6	Nankin	Manley. P. & O. S. N. Co

H. D. D.

Ekma. M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Arabia	Palmer	P. & O. S. N. Co
Flor-de-Diu	Aboo	Bilimji
Firoozi	Bergel	B. & P. S.N. Co
Lalla		J. W. Muirhead
Hellas	Berg	F. F. Campbell & Co
Linga	Cutbush	M. M. & Co
Phrahang	Nicol	T. M. & Co
Ravenshoe	Hodge	

EXPORTS.

June 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Exeter (s) 200 cwt. brass pieces K. M. Nathoo, 100 cwt. brass cuttings K. M. Nathoo, 100 cwt. copper pots K. M. Nathoo, 7 bales cotton F. F. Campbell & Co., 19 bales wool D. Nagjee.

Inverbervie (s) 2,740 cwt. linseed Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Berbera (s) 260 cwt. turmuric R. Allana & Co.

Caledonia (s) 113 cwt. cassun powder Duncan Stratton & Co.

FOR HULL.

Wilton Hall (s) 2,001 cwt. linseed M. B. Kaisha.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kingsmere (s) 1300 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 50 bales cottonfly Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Grigna (s) 199 cwt. ghatty gum R. Damjee & Co., 51 cwt. gum kadaya R. Damjee & Co.

FOR KOBE.

Nankin (s) 100 tons old iron K. M. Nathoo, 44 cwt. Colombo roots David Sassoon & Co., 100 bales cotton Tata Sons & Co., 25 cases Indian chutney Manockji Poonjiaji & Sons.

Shinkoku Maru (s) 100 bales cotton C. Bomanji & Co., 208 bales cotton H. Rambhagat & Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nankin (s) 316 bales cotton twist Sassoon J David & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nankin (s) 800 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

June 10.

City of Exeter from Liverpool Agents, Killick Nixon & Co.—11 bales carpets, 30 cases stout, 214 cases brandy, 1 cask whisky, 1 case roller skin, 1 crate 4 casks 15 cases earthenware, 138 cases 34 bales cottons, 1 case cotton thread, 2 cases art silk, 2 bales hair belting, 2 bales twine, 202 casks China clay, 1 case leather picking bands, 10 bags broken earthenware, 4 coils cotton rope, 1 case cycle parts, 4 cases perfumed spirit, 76 cases cigarettes, 9 cases tobacco, 13 cases tobacco and cigarettes, 15 cases 51 bundles 918 boxes soap.

S. S. Bahadur from Sourabaya Agents, T. Morrison & Co.—5,205 bags sugar, 66 baskets 100 bags mica, 1 box scouree, 21 crates 10 drums paint, 5 boxes colour, 8 drums disinfectant fluid, 105 cases 22 bags coffee, 2 boxes 1 case 36 drums varnish, 37 cases 1 box French polish, 15 cases milk punch, 25 cases lime juice, 30 bales jute twine, 71 cases tea, 2 bales old gunnies, 200 bags salt, 40 drums turpentine, 77 bottles quicksilver, 11,079 pieces teakwood, 2,400 pieces timber-wood other than teak 120 casks 1,994 drums linseed oil, 43 bales paper, 5 drums methylated spirit, 18 bags cocoa, 3 bales woollen goods, 14 cases cotton goods, 12 bags 10 gottas cardamoms, 30 cases beads, 7 gottas 7 bundles pepper, 10 kegs vermilion, 82 pieces pig lead, 1,232 bags betelnuts, 8 casks potash, 59 coils hemp rope, 121 coils mamla rope, 10 cases champagne, 152 coils rope, 59 bags inderjav, 38 bags ginger, 7 cases medicine, 50 bags myrabollams, 15 bags kagdi badam, 10 cases curry powder, 8 cases cigars, 3,202 bales cotton 56 bales cotton waste, 25 cases kariapagalam, 102 bundles chanks heads, 7 boxes muddersins, 2 boxes kagdi, 10 bundles senna, 125 bundles mats, 30 casks surma, 4 packages enamelware, 2 bundles yarn waste.

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THE ROYAL YAKUTI

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for disease. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARDES necessary.

Dr. KARIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathia.

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Superseding the present system of Patching and Vulcanising.

SIMPLY PERFECT: PERFECTLY SIMPLE

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One outfit repairs easily 100 punctures or will fill up the cuts (which are so detrimental to the life a tyre) stopping grit and dirt from working in and wet from rotting the canvas.

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Save the enormous expense you make on tyres and tubes.
Very many continental testimonials received.
Register your orders at once so that you may not get disappointed, as only
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are symptoms of nerve irritation, often the result of OVER-WORK, ANXIETY, OVER-STUDY, MENTAL ANXIETY, and excesses of eating, drinking, or bodily abuses.

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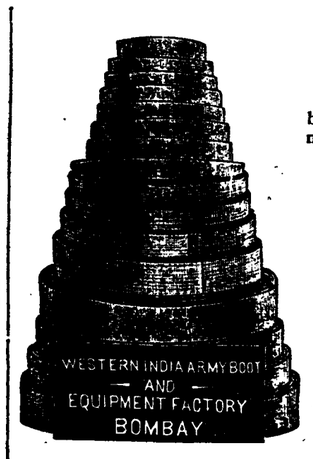

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